# Welch Allyn® 1500 Patient Monitor



# Directions for use

Software version 1.3.X



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# 1 Safety

# User responsibility

- The numerical and graphical results and any interpretation given must be examined with respect to the overall clinical condition of the patient and the general recorded data quality.
- The indications given by this equipment are not a substitute for regular checking of vital functions.
- This monitor is only to be used by those trained in its operation or repair.
- Ensure that the personnel have read and understood these operating instructions and in particular this "Safety" section.
- Damaged or missing components must be replaced immediately.
- It is the owner's responsibility that the valid regulations for safety and prevention of accidents are observed.

### Intended use

- The Welch Allyn® 1500 Patient Monitor patient monitoring unit is designed for the monitoring of vital parameters such as ECG, SpO<sub>2</sub>, etCO<sub>2</sub>, non invasive blood pressure (NIBP), invasive blood pressure (IBP), temperature and respiration of a patient. Cardiac output and hemodynamic calculations are also possible.
- The device is intended to be used by qualified doctors or trained medical personnel.
- The device is not suitable for transport.
- There is no danger for patients with pacemaker.
- The device is intended for the monitoring of one patient at a time.
- The device is not designed for sterile use nor is it designed for outdoor use.
- Do not use this monitor in areas where there is any danger of explosion or in the presence of flammable gases.
- The device is classified CF. It is defibrillation protected when the original accessories are used. However, as a safety precaution when possible, remove the electrodes before defibrillation.
- This product is not designed for direct cardiac application.
- The arrhythmia module is not intended for use with neonatal patients.
- The ST-analysis module is not intended for use with neonatal patients.

# Organizational measures

- Before using the monitor, ensure that an introduction regarding the monitor functions and the safety precautions have been provided by a medical product representative.
- Observe the operating instructions and maintenance instructions.
- These operating instructions do not override any statutory or local regulations, or procedures for the prevention of accidents and environmental protection.

# Safety



**WARNING** Mount the monitor securely so that there is no possibility of it falling on the patient or on the floor.



**WARNING** If uncertain about the accuracy of any measurement, first check the patient's vital signs by alternate means, and then make sure the monitor is functioning correctly.



**WARNING** Do not touch the monitor during defibrillation.



**WARNING** To ensure patient safety, none of the ECG electrodes including the neutral electrode, nor the patient or any person with simultaneous patient contact, must come in contact with conductive parts, even when these are grounded.



**WARNING** If you notice any changes that impair safety (including operating behavior) remove the monitor from service and report it to the person responsible for servicing the monitor.



**WARNING** Do not place any liquids on the monitor. If liquid is spilled over the monitor, immediately disconnect the monitor from the mains and dry. The monitor must be serviced before reusing.



**Caution** This manual, and especially these safety notes, must be read and observed.



**Caution** Electrical installation of the room or the building in which the monitor is to be used must comply with regulations specified by the country in which the equipment is to be used



**Caution** Ensure the monitor is always mounted on a Welch Allyn approved bracket or stand. The monitor is unstable when the unit is not secured to an approved Welch Allyn mounting system.

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# Safety equipment

Operating the monitor without the correctly rated fuse, or with defective cables, constitutes a danger to patient safety. Therefore:



**Caution** Do not operate the monitor if the ground connection is suspect or if the mains lead is damaged or suspected of being damaged.



**Caution** Damaged cables and connections must immediately be replaced.



Caution Electrical safety devices, such as fuses, must not be modified.



**Caution** Fuses must only be replaced with the same type and rating as the original.

# **Alarms**



**WARNING** Do not silence the audible alarm if patient safety could be compromised.



**WARNING** Always respond immediately to an equipment alert because the patient may not be monitored during certain alarm conditions.



**WARNING** Before each use, verify that the alarm limits are appropriate for the patient being monitored.



**WARNING** Check the audible alarm silence duration before temporarily silencing the audible alarms.

# Operation with other devices



**Caution** Do not use the monitor in or near an MRI suite.

- Only use accessories and other parts recommended or supplied by Welch Allyn. Use of other than recommended or supplied parts may result in injury, inaccurate information or damage to the monitor.
- Accessory equipment connected to the analogue and digital interfaces must be certified according to the respective IEC standards (e.g. IEC/EN 60950 for data processing equipment and IEC/EN 60601-1 for medical equipment). Furthermore all configurations shall comply with the current version of the system standard IEC/EN 60601-1-1. Anyone who connects additional equipment to the signal input part or signal output part configures a medical system, and is therefore responsible that the system complies with the requirements of the valid version of the system standard IEC/EN 60601-1-1. If in doubt, consult the technical service department or your local representative.
- Any other equipment used with the patient must use the same common ground as the monitor.
- Precautions must be observed when using high frequency devices. Operating high frequency electro-surgical equipment in the vicinity of the monitor can produce interference in the monitor and cause incorrect measurements. Only use patient cables recommended by Welch Allyn to avoid possible signal interference during ECG acquisition.
- There is no danger when using the ECG monitor simultaneously with electrical stimulation equipment. However, during defibrillation, keep discharge paddles away from the monitor ECG lead wires, electrodes, any other monitor sensors, and other conductive parts in contact with the patient.
- If the patient cable should become defective after defibrillation, a lead-off indication is displayed and an audible alarm is issued.
- Portable communication equipment, HF two-way radios and devices marked with the ((1)) symbol can affect this monitor (see "EMC compliance" on page 98).

### Networks and internet

- When the monitor is part of a network, (LAN, HIS, etc.), transmitting over a telephone network or any other transmission /reception medium, or if exposed to the Internet or other networks that are not secure, appropriate security measures must be provided to protect the patient information stored.
- Patient security and security of the network is the sole responsibility of the user.

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### Maintenance



**WARNING** Danger of electric shock. Do not open the monitor case. There are no user serviceable parts inside. Servicing may only be performed by a qualified technician authorized by Welch Allyn.



**WARNING** Before cleaning and to isolate the mains power supply, switch the monitor off and disconnect it from the mains by removing the plug.



**Caution** Do not use high temperature sterilization processes (such as autoclaving). Do not use E-beam or gamma radiation sterilization.



**Caution** Do not use solvent or abrasive cleaners on either the monitor or cable assemblies.



**Caution** Do not immerse the monitor or cable assemblies in liquid.

# **Symbols**

These symbols appear in this user guide.



**WARNING** Warning statements in this user guide identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury.



**Caution** Caution statements in this user guide identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to the equipment or other property.

6

The following symbols appear on the monitor, or accessories.

Symbol	Definition	Symbol	Definition
	Potential equalization (earth ground)		CF symbol. This monitor is classified safe for internal and external use. However, it is only defibrillation protected when used with the original Welch Allyn patient cable!
	The monitor can be recycled.	X	Recycle the monitor and battery separately from other waste. Refer to www.welchallyn.com/weee for collection point and additional information.
€ 0123	Notified body of the CE certification (TÜV P.S.).	$\triangle$	Note accompanying documents.
4660 m max (15.00 ft) (15.00 ft) (1725 hPa) -300 m min (+100 ft) (1000 ft)	Altitude limits	80 15	Humidity limits
类	Keep away from sunlight	5	Stacking limit
50°C max (122°F) 0°C min (32°F)	Temperature limits	Ť	Keep away from rain
<u> </u>	This way up	Ţ	Fragile
<b>—</b>	CO <sub>2</sub> in		CO <sub>2</sub> out
	Temperature	<b>2.</b>	NIBP

The following symbols appear on the screen.

Symbol	Definition	Symbol	Definition
	Alarm off	8 11 1	Patient mode symbols; neonate, pediatric, adult

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### Additional terms

### Implied authorization

Possession or purchase of this monitor does not convey any express or implied license to use the monitor with replacement parts which would alone, or in combination with this monitor, fall within the scope of one or more patents relating to this monitor.

### Terms of warranty

Your monitor is warranted against defects in material and manufacture for the duration of one year (from date of purchase). Excluded from this guarantee is damage caused by an accident or as a result of improper handling. The warranty entitles free replacement including labor, of the defective part. Any liability for subsequent damage is excluded. The warranty is void if unauthorized or unqualified persons attempt to make repairs.

In case of a defect, send the apparatus to your dealer or an authorized Welch Allyn service center. The manufacturer can only be held responsible for the safety, reliability, and performance of the apparatus if:

- assembly operations, extensions, readjustments, modifications, or repairs are carried out by persons authorized by the manufacturer.
- the monitor and approved attached equipment is used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

**Note** There are no express or implied warranties which extend beyond the warranties hereinabove set forth. Welch Allyn makes no warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product or parts thereof.

Note This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A digital device, pursuant to both Part 15 of the FCC (Federal Communications Commission) rules and the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with this instruction user guide, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

WHEN USED IN CANADA: To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing.

# 2

# Introduction

The monitor is designed for adult, pediatric and neonatal use. It has a 15-inch screen for comprehensive vital data monitoring. The monitor can be used with mains power (100 – 240 VAC) or with an internal battery.

# Standard features

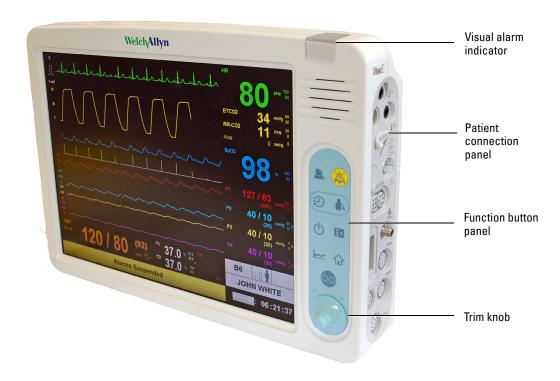
- Function buttons and trim knob for easy operation
- 15-inch color screen
- Vital parameters:
  - ECG (3, 5 or 12 lead)
  - Heart rate
  - Respiration
  - Non invasive blood pressure
  - SpO<sub>2</sub> (Masimo or Nellcor)
  - Temperature (x1)
  - Drug calculations

# **Options**

- Printer
- etCO<sub>2</sub> and Integrated Pulmonary Index<sup>™</sup> (IPI)
- 12-lead resting ECG with measurements
- 12-lead resting ECG with measurements and interpretation
- Arrhythmia analysis
- ST analysis
- Cardiac output and hemodynamic calculations
- Invasive blood pressure (x2 or x4)
- Temperature (x2)

# The Welch Allyn® 1500 Patient Monitor

# Front panel



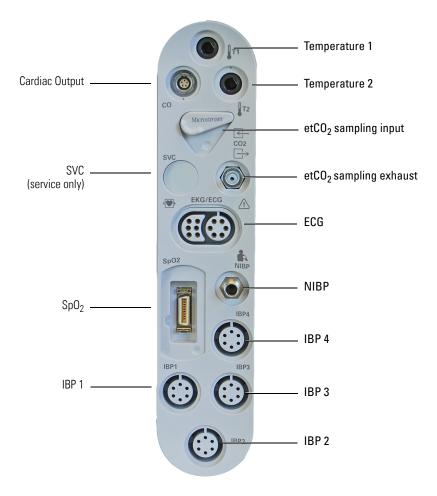
# Back panel



<sup>\*</sup>The nurse call can be used to give an external indication of a parameter alarm.

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# Connection panel



**Note** The connection panel layout will vary according to the options installed.

### **Function buttons**



#### Prin

Printout of three waveforms and all parameters. The waveforms and print settings are defined in the printer menu (see "Recorder" on page 103). Note that an auto printout can also be obtained when a limit is violated. This is also defined in system setup.



#### Alarm silence

Silence / resume an audible alarm, or confirmation of displayed messages. The silence time is defined in the Setup/Administrator menu (see "Administrator" on page 108).



#### NIBP measurement interval

Interval setup for non-invasive blood pressure measurement or switch-off of the interval measurement (see "Automatic blood pressure measurement" on page 64). Saves patient information.



#### NIBP measurement

Start or stop of the non-invasive blood pressure measurement (see "Taking a single NIBP measurement" on page 64).



#### Standby

In standby mode patient monitoring is interrupted and the screen is blank. Monitoring is resumed when any button is pressed.



#### Setup

Display of the Setup menu. The required menu item can be selected by turning the trim knob and pressing (see next page).



#### Trend

Displays trend data (see "Trend data" on page 29).



#### Home

Pressing this button closes opened dialogues and returns to the monitoring screen. Any settings that were changed in the opened dialogue screen are saved. Pressing this button is the same as selecting OK on the opened dialogue screen.



#### ON/OFF

Press to switch the monitor on.

Press and hold for 4 seconds to switch the monitor off.

The LEDs below this button indicate:

- Left LED mains power is connected to the monitor.
- Right LED mains connected to the monitor and internal battery being charged.
- (see "Switching the monitor on or off" on page 19).



#### Trim knob

The trim knob is used for navigation, value selection and value change. Use as follows:

- Turn the trim knob to the left or right to select a field or value. A white frame appears around the field.
- 2. Press the trim knob to open the menu of the selected parameter field or value.
- 3. Turning the trim knob to the left or right to select the desired value.
- 4. Press the trim knob to apply the changed value.



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# Setup menu overview

Press 10 to enter the setup menu and adjust the following settings and options:

**Note** The following is an overview of the setup menu options. Further details are given in section 8 (see "Settings" on page 101).

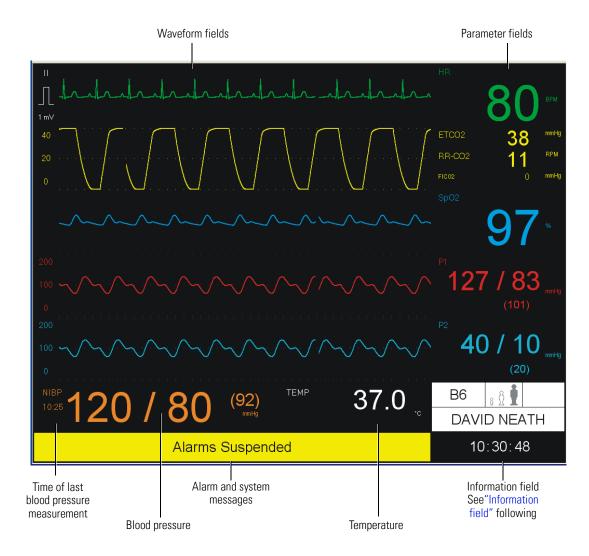
Parameter	Settings/Submenus
Alarm Suspend	Silences all alarms for a set period. The silence time is defined in the Administrator menu (alarms).
Arrhythmia <sup>1</sup>	Arrhythmia limits and alarm levels. Pacer Display and analysis (on/off).
Alarms	Alarm overview. All alarm limits and print on alarm settings.
Speaker Volume	Speaker volume.
HR/PR Tone Volume	Heart beat volume.
Waveform area	Defines the waveforms to be displayed and the size and sweep speed.
Recorder <sup>2</sup>	Defines the data on the printout.
Parameters <sup>3</sup>	Enable/disable any combination of the following: ST measurements, et $\mathrm{CO}_2$ , Masimo SpO2 settings, cardiac output, invasive blood pressure display and temperature display options.
12-lead Resting ECG <sup>4</sup>	View electrode status, and take a resting ECG. After the resting ECG has been taken, the option to obtain a printout is given.
Hemodynamic Calculations <sup>5</sup>	Screen for entry of hemodynamic measurement parameters with automatic hemodynamic calculations based on entered parameters.
Drug Calculations	Screen for entry of drug parameters with dose and titration calculations based on entered parameters.
Patient Information	Enter/edit patient ID and patient information.
Patient Mode	Neonatal: Birth through 28 days.  Pediatric: Between 29 days and 12 years.  Adult: 13 years and older.
Restore User Defaults	Reset all settings to user defaults (see administrator > system, below).

Parameter	Settings/Submenus
Administrator	Configuration Display of monitor ID, network settings, options, etc. This is for information only.  Alarms Alarm settings - silence time, suspend time, etc. This requires a password to enter (see "Settings" on page 101).  System Time and date settings and unit preference (cm/in, kg/lb). This screen also gives the option to save the current settings as the user default settings, and the option to display the event log screen. This screen requires a password to enter (see "Settings" on page 101).
	Communications, Service and Factory  These menu options are for service and factory personnel and can only be accessed by password only. Details are given in the service handbook.
Close	Exits the setup menu.

- 1. The full arrhythmia option is only viewable when the full arrhythmia option is installed.
- 2. The recorder option is only viewable when the printer is installed.
- ${\it 3.} \quad {\it The parameter options will vary according to the monitor configuration and licensed options.}$
- ${\it 4.} \quad {\it The 12-lead resting ECG option is only viewable when the resting ECG option is installed.}$
- 5. The hemodynamics calculations option is only viewable when the cardiac output option is installed.

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# Display overview

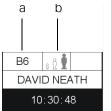


**Note** The waveform display is changed in setup menu see "Defining display waveforms" on page 27).

**Note** The parameter fields can be changed according to licensed options, parameter selection (see "Defining parameter fields" on page 25), and patient panel options.

# Information field

#### Top line



The left box on the top line (a) displays the patient's room number (entered in the patient information screen).

The middle box **(b)** displays the patient mode (Neonatal, Pediatric, or Adult) indicated by the highlighted icon.

#### Middle line

Displays the patient name.

#### Bottom line

Displays the current time. When mains is not connected, a battery symbol is also displayed to the left of the time (see "Power supply" on page 22).

# 3

# Operation

# Startup and initial preparation

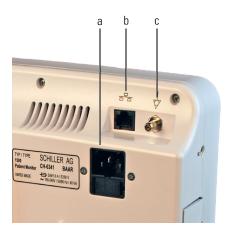


**WARNING** Danger of electrical shock. Do not operate the monitor if the ground connection is suspect or if the mains lead is damaged or suspected of being damaged.



**WARNING** Network the monitor to an Acuity Central Station only. Connecting to other networks could damage the monitor or injure the patient. If in doubt about the network jacks or devices, consult your facility's Biomedical Engineering Department.

#### **Connections**



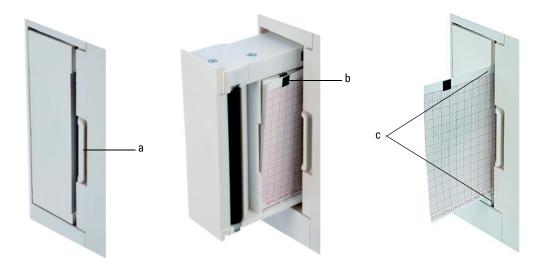
- 1. Connect the mains cable to the rear of the monitor (a).
- 2. Ethernet connection (b) (not enabled).
- 3. Connect the potential equalization (ground) cable to the central potential equalization lug **(c)**.



**Caution** Ensure that the patient or any person with simultaneous patient contact does not come in contact with conductive parts of any connectors including the RJ45 connector and the USB connector when the cover is opened.

# Inserting recorder paper

**Note** The monitor is delivered without printing paper installed. Only use original Welch Allyn printing paper. The thermal paper is sensitive to heat, humidity, and chemical vapors. Store the paper in a cool, dry and chemical free area.



- 1. Pull the locking catch (a) to the front. The paper tray is unlocked.
- 2. Pull the paper tray out.
- 3. Insert paper and pull the beginning of the paper out. Make sure that the paper mark **(b)** is facing to the top.
- 4. Reinsert and close the tray. Be sure that the paper lies exactly between the rails (c)

# Switching the monitor on or off

### Switching the monitor on

To turn the monitor on, press the **On/Off** button ...

### Switching the monitor off

To turn the monitor off, press the **On/Off** button of for approximately 4 seconds. The following message is displayed when the monitor is shutting down.



### Initial Power up

- 1. Press the **On/Off** button (confirmed by a beep).
- 2. Confirm the **New Patient** dialogue with Yes or No.



- Yes: Previous patient information is deleted. The patient information can be entered via the setup menu (Setup > Patient information (see "Patient information" on page 107).
- No: Previous patient information, if any, is used.
- 3. Check the settings.

# Initial settings



**Caution** Only authorized personnel, trained in the operation of this monitor, are qualified to do the setups in the following menu.

Alarm and general settings are given in the setup menu. Initial monitor settings may include general alarm settings (alarm silence time, alarm delay time, etc.), and general monitor settings (height and weight units, time and date, etc.).

Access the setup as follows:

- 1. Press the **Setup** button **1**.
- 2. Use the trim knob to select parameters and change values. Press to confirm the selection and settings
- The alarm settings are given in the setup menu: **Administrator > Alarm**
- The system settings are given in the setup menu: Administrator > System

**Note** The alarm and the system sub-menu are password protected. The password for both of these is **49**, **48**, **46**.

**Note** Details of the setup menu and the passwords are given in the settings section (see "Settings" on page 101).

# Saving the user-defined settings as default

All monitor settings, including alarms settings, are stored until the monitor is switched off. To save the user defined settings as default,

- 1. Press the **Setup** button 📵 .
- 2. Select Administrator > System > Save User Defaults.

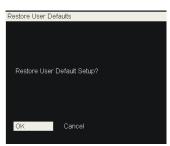
**Note** The system menu is password protected. The password is 49, 48, 46.

3. Confirm with ok:



## Restoring the user settings

- l. Press the **Setup** button 📵 .
- 2. Select **Restore User Defaults.** You are prompted to confirm:



# Power supply

### Mains connected

When the mains supply is connected, the mains LED is illuminated (a). When the mains supply is connected, and the battery is recharging both mains LED (a) and the battery LED (b) are illuminated.

For battery recharging see "Recharging the battery" on page 91.



## Mains interrupted

**Note** If the mains supply is interrupted, the monitor automatically switches over to battery operation. The user settings are maintained.

#### Disconnect from the mains

To isolate the monitor from the mains, disconnect the mains cable.

### **Battery** operation

Two batteries are available for the monitor:

• **Lithium-Ion battery**: This type of battery will provide power for approximately two hours when fully charged.

• **Lead acid battery**: This type of battery will provide power for approximately one hour when fully charged.

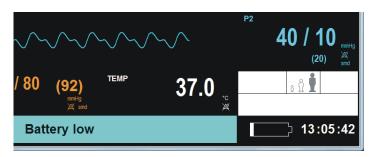
When running on battery power the battery symbol is displayed next to the time. The battery indicator gives an approximate guide to the capacity of the battery:



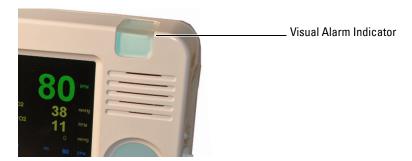
- Full = between 87.5% and 100% capacity.
- 3/4 full = between 62.5% and 87.5% capacity.
- Half full = between 37.5% and 62.5% capacity.
- 1/4 full = between 12.5% and 37.5% capacity
- Empty = between 0% and 12.5% capacity.

When the battery capacity is close to depletion:

- the alarm message **Battery low** appears
- the battery symbol flashes



- an audible alarm beep is heard
- the visual alarm indicator flashes blue



After a few minutes if the monitor is not connected to the mains supply, the message
 Battery nearly depleted is displayed and a continuous beep is heard; the monitor
 switches off. If mains is connected during this period the monitor remains on.

Connect the monitor to the mains supply. For battery recharging, see "Recharging the battery" on page 91.

# Standby mode



**WARNING** In standby mode, vital signs data and alarms are no longer displayed or collected.

In standby mode, patient monitoring is temporarily interrupted. Confirmed patient information is saved.

**Note** Patient information that has not been confirmed is lost when standby mode is entered.

1. Press the **Standby** button . The following screen is displayed:



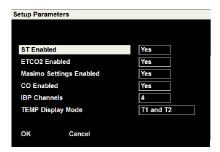
**Note** The standby message is continuously displayed while the unit is in standby mode.

2. To exit standby mode press any button. You are prompted to confirm the same patient or enter a new patient.

**Note** After exiting standby mode, ensure that the NIBP intervals are re-armed by manually starting an NIBP measurement.

# Defining parameter fields

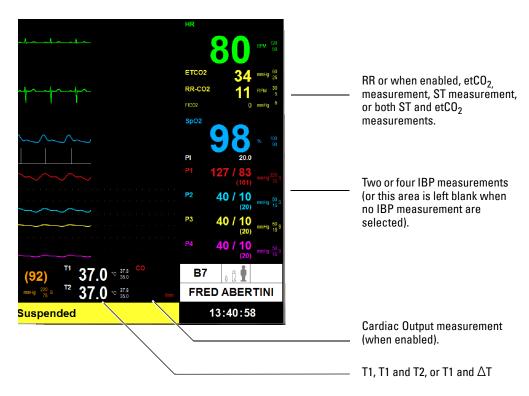
- 1. Press the **Setup** button **1**.
- 2. Select Parameters.



The screen will vary according to the licensed options:

- etCO<sub>2</sub>, ST and CO are only displayed when the options are licensed.
- The Masimo settings enabled (yes / no), gives extra settings for SpO2
  measurement (see "SpO2 monitoring" on page 67) and is only displayed when the
  Masimo module is installed.
- The **Temperature options** are only available when two temperature connectors are installed on the patient panel.
- The **IBP options** are only available when four IBP connectors are installed on the patient panel.

### Parameter field display



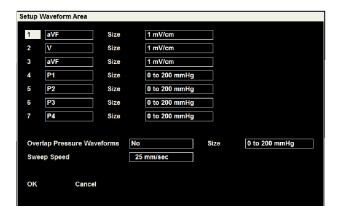
- When etCO<sub>2</sub> is enabled, the CO<sub>2</sub> parameter replaces the RR parameter below the heart rate.
- When the ST parameter is enabled, the ST parameter replaces the RR value and the RR value is moved below the ST parameter.
- When both etCO<sub>2</sub> and ST parameters are enabled, both values are displayed below the heart rate (RR is not displayed).
- When IPI is enabled, the value is displayed below the CO<sub>2</sub>.



- When four IBP connectors are available the number of IBP measurements displayed can be set, that is, no IBP measurements displayed, two measurements displayed, or four IBP measurements displayed (see previous page).
- When two temperature connectors are available, one (T1), two (T1 and T2) or T1 plus the temperature difference can be displayed (T1 plus  $\Delta$ T).

# Defining display waveforms

- l. Press the **Setup** button 📵 .
- 2. Select Waveform Area.



- 3. The waveforms are configured through the pull-down menus.
- 4. Set the amplitude for each waveform according to preference and signal strength. Set the sweep speed (for all waveforms) according to preference and patient.

**Note** The RESP and SpO<sub>2</sub> sweep speed values are not configurable.

5. Select **OK** to save.

#### Note

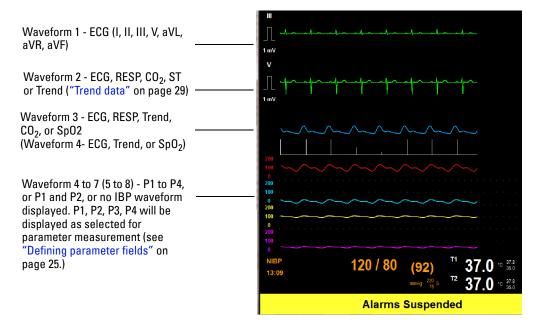
- The number of waveforms that can be displayed will depend on the configuration of the monitors and the options licensed and enabled. Either 4, 5, 7 or 8. waveforms can be displayed.
- Waveforms P1, P2, P3, P4, CO<sub>2</sub> and ST are only displayed when selected in the display parameter fields (see "Defining parameter fields" on page 25).

### Waveform display

The waveforms that can be configured are as follows:

Waveform position	ECG	RESP	CO2	Trend	ST	Sp02	P1	P2	P3	P4
1	•									
2	•	•	•	•	•					
3	•	•	•	•		•				
4	•			•		•	•			
5							•	•		
6								•	•	
7									•	•
8										•

- RESP in waveform 2 can only be displayed when etCO<sub>2</sub> is not enabled.
- When ST is enabled SpO<sub>2</sub> is available for waveform 4 only. When ST is not enabled SpO<sub>2</sub> is available for waveform 3 only.
- When resting ECG is enabled, ECG waveform can also be set in waveform 4.
- Waveforms P1, P2, P3, P4 are displayed when selected in the parameter measurements fields and shown in waveform fields 4, 5, 6 and 7 or 5, 6, 7 and 8 only.
- The size of the waveforms are automatically adjusted for the number of waveforms displayed.



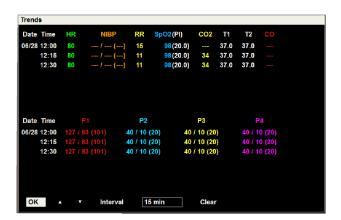
### Trend data

The monitor records up to 24 hours of trend data at one-minute intervals. The trend values are displayed at the user defined interval (see below) and additionally after every manual NIBP measurement.

- Trend data is deleted when a new patient is entered.
- When the memory is full, the oldest trend data is overwritten.
- The display interval for the trend table can selected for intervals of one minute, five minutes, 15 minutes, one hour, or four hours.

### Trend data display and settings

Press the **Trend** button .



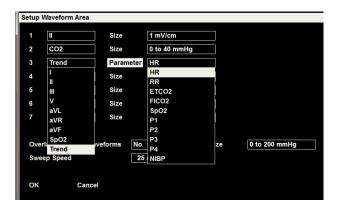
- Previous measurements are displayed using the up and down icons.
- Use the trim knob to select the trend display interval with the pull down menu in the **Interval** setting.
- The **Clear** option deletes all stored trend data.
- The **Print** option prints the trend data.

**Note** The data recorded will depend on licensed and enabled options and the number of IBP and temperature connectors installed on the monitor (see "Defining parameter fields" on page 25).

### Displaying trend data in the measurements screen

The HR trend can also be displayed in the waveforms:

Press the **Setup** button **1** and select **Waveforms**. Scroll down for more options.



The trend data can be displayed in waveform 2 or 3 (or 4 if ST is enabled):



Trend data can be displayed for any of the following:

- Heart rate
- RR (see example above)
- etCO<sub>2</sub>
- fiCO<sub>2</sub>
- IPI when selected in parameter display)
- $SpO_2$
- P1, P2, P3 P4
- NIBP
- T1
- T2 (when selected in parameter display)
- ΔT (when selected in parameter display)
- CO or CI (when selected in parameter display)

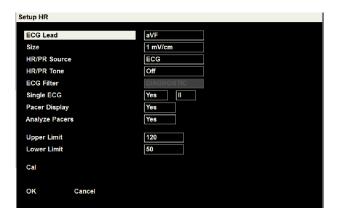
**Note** When the trend waveform is displayed and it is highlighted and selected with the trim knob (see next page), options appear at the bottom of the waveform (as shown on the example above) to:

- Change the interval (15 mins to 24 hours)
- Change the waveform scale
- Obtain a printout.

# Settings via a parameter field

1. Select the desired parameter measurement field using the **trim knob**. A white frame appears around the selected field.

2. **Press the trim knob to display the menu**. The following example is displayed when the heart rate settings screen is selected. Other setting screens are similar:



3. The settings can be saved as default (see "Saving the user-defined settings as default" on page 21).

# 4 Alarms

# Display of alarms

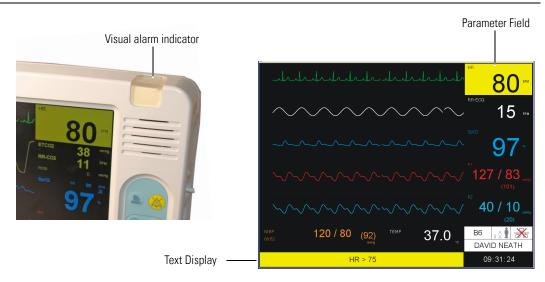
### **During initial powerup**

No alarms are displayed if no patient is being monitored.

### **During monitoring**

There are three alarm priorities:

Alarm type	Priority	LED visual alarm indicator	Audible signal	Display
Technical	Low	Blue	Single deep tone every 2 seconds	Text display in the alarm status field at the bottom.
Parameter	Medium	Yellow (flashes with parameter field)	Two tone high/low every second.	Text display in the alarm status field at the bottom.
				Yellow flashing parameter field.
Parameter	High	Red (flashes with parameter field)	Three high tones every second.	Text display in the alarm status field at the bottom
		parameter new	every second.	Red flashing parameter field.
Lethal	High	Red (flashes with parameter field)	Three high tones	Text display in the alarm status field at the bottom
	parameter neid)	parameter neid)	every second.	Red flashing parameter field.



### Silencing an alarm

#### Acknowledging an alarm

#### Alarm Limit

Press the **Alarm** button to silence the alarm. The audible alarm is silenced for 1, 1.5 or 2 minutes. The visual parameter alarm continues to be displayed.

Press the **Alarm** button again to resume the alarm.

After the defined silence time, the audible alarm is reactivated. The silence time is defined in **Setup > Setup Administrator> Alarms > Alarm Silence Time** (see "Administrator" on page 108).

#### Technical Alarm

A technical alarm can be acknowledged by pressing the **Alarm Silence** button . This alarm is not reactivated.

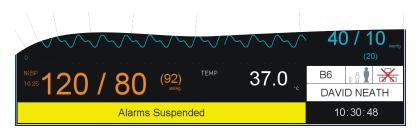
### Suspend all alarms

The Alarm suspend is used to deactivate all alarms caused by for example, disconnecting patient cables, loose electrodes or relocation of the patient. The alarm is suspended for a duration of 1, 1.5, or 2 minutes. During this time the message **Alarms Suspended** is displayed.

The alarm suspension time is defined in the menu **Setup > Administrator> Alarms > Alarm Suspend Time** (see "Administrator" on page 108).

- 1. Press the **Setup** button 😥.
- 2. Select Alarm Suspend.

A message is given in the message bar indicating that the alarms have been suspended.



If you wish to reactivate the alarms before the set duration, press the **Setup** button again **11**. The menu entry is changed to **Alarm Resume**. Select this option to reactivate the alarms.

Directions for use Alarms 35

### Turning off an individual parameter alarm



**WARNING** The audible alarm is silenced permanently. The settings are not reset. Physiological alarms of the patient are silenced. Use this function only if disconnecting a sensor from the patient for a long period of time.

Individual alarms can be inhibited via the **Alarms** menu (see below) and in any
parameter measurement field by using the **trim knob** to select a parameter (a white
frame appears around the selected field) and pressing the **trim knob** to display the
menu for that parameter.

- 2. Switch off an individual limits by selecting the limit setting and rotating the trim knob to the maximum limit until off is selected.
- 3. The alarm off symbol  $\boxtimes$  is displayed in the respective measurement field.

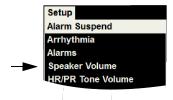


**Note** A setting is available in the administrator menu, that prevents the HR / PR alarm from being switched off (see "Administrator" on page 108).

#### Alarm Volume

The alarm volume is set in the setup menu.

- 1. Press the **Setup** button **[**
- 2. With the **trim knob**, select the menu option.
- 3. Press the trim knob to display the speaker volume.

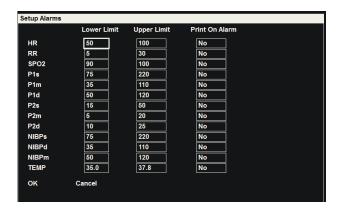


The speaker volume is set on a scale of 1 to 10. The volume is heard when scrolling through the values.

# Alarm limit setting

**Note** All alarm limits are reset to the default settings after confirming a new patient (see "Standby mode" on page 24).

- 1. Press the Setup button 😥 .
- 2. Select the menu item Alarms.
- 3. Use the trim knob to scroll through the alarm settings and select the limits.



**Note** Individual parameter alarm limits can be set in the parameter menu (see "Monitoring and Measurements" on page 39).

**Note** The Alarm settings for arrhythmia are detailed in the Arrhythmia menu option in the setup menu.

Directions for use Alarms 37

# Physiological alarms

Alarm abbreviation	Description	Priority
SpO <sub>2</sub> low/high	Oxygen saturation of the blood	Medium
PP low/high	Peripheral pulse of SpO <sub>2</sub>	Medium
RRECG low/high	Respiration rate impedance	Medium
Apnea limit	Apnea time limit exceeded	Medium
CO <sub>2</sub> low/high	Inspiratory CO <sub>2</sub>	Medium
RRCO <sub>2</sub> low/high	Capnographic respiration rate	Medium
etCO <sub>2</sub> low/high	End-tidal expiratory CO <sub>2</sub>	Medium
NIBPs low/high	Systolic blood pressure	Medium
NIBPm low/high	Mean average blood pressure	Medium
NIBPd low/high	Diastolic blood pressure	Medium
HR low/high	Heart rate	Medium
Pxs Art low/high	Invasive systolic blood pressure	Medium
Pxm Art low/high	Invasive mean blood pressure	Medium
Pxd low/high	Invasive diastolic blood pressure	Medium
Temp low/high	Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit or degrees Celsius.	Medium

Note All technical alarms are low priority.

# 5

# Monitoring and Measurements



**Caution** The guidelines in this section are given as an overview only. They are not a substitute for, nor do they overrule manufacturer documentation and instructions or departmental procedures.

**Note** Values are only displayed when the ECG cable or at least one sensor is connected. If a sensor is disconnected, a technical alarm is issued. The measured value will no longer be displayed if the sensor is disconnected and the alarm is acknowledged.

#### General

- Connect the ECG electrodes, the NIBP cuff, the SpO<sub>2</sub> sensor, the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, and the temperature sensor to the patient as required.
- As soon as the sensors are connected, the corresponding indication appears on the display.
- Check or set the alarm limits (see "Alarms" on page 33).

**Note** This section gives a general overview of the parameters that can be measured with the monitor. It is aimed at medical professionals and no specific medical direction is given or implied; any instructions given here do not overrule local medical directives.

The individual parameter menu settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

#### **ECG**



**WARNING** In order to minimize interference and the danger of burns to the patient, only use Welch Allyn ECG cables. Keep the ECG cable as far away as possible from any electrosurgical cables. Make sure that the electrosurgical return conductor (neutral) is properly attached to the patient and that good contact is made.

#### Patient preparation

The quality of the ECG reading is dependent on the degree of contact resistance between the electrode and the skin. To ensure the lowest resistance consider the following actions:

- 1. Shave the areas where the electrodes are to be placed.
- 2. Use alcohol to thoroughly clean the areas where the electrodes are to be placed.
- 3. When applying the electrodes, make sure that there is a layer of gel between the electrode and the skin.

**Note** To maintain the quality of signals during long-term monitoring, the electrodes should be replaced at least every 48 hours. Over longer periods, the electrode gel can dry out and the patient's skin can be irritated by the gel or adhesive. When replacing electrodes, do not position the new electrodes on exactly the same locations, but a little to the side of the original positions.

#### Connecting the ECG patient cable

Note

- When an electrode falls off or the resistance of an electrode is too high, a lead-off indication is displayed and an audible alarm is issued.
- Color code: the colors shown here are according to IEC requirements. The AHA color configuration is shown in "Electrode identification and color code IEC/AHA" on page 43.

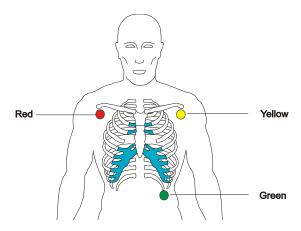


**WARNING** Patient harm. The monitor is type CF | and protected only when approved Welch Allyn patient cables are used.

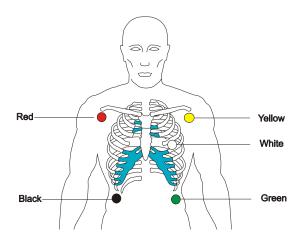


**Caution** Only use approved Welch Allyn patient cables. Use of other cables can damage the monitor.

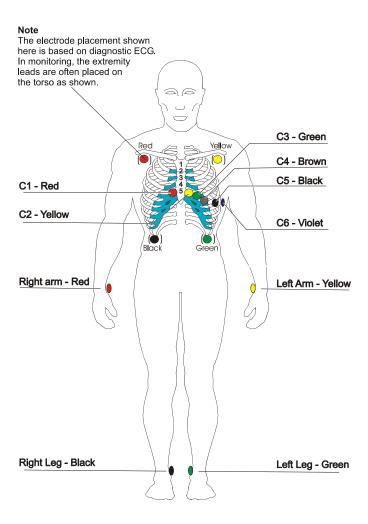
### 3-lead



# 5-lead



#### 12-lead



**Note** This graphic shows the IEC color configuration. The AHA (U.S.) color configuration is shown in "Electrode identification and color code IEC/AHA" on page 43.

### Electrode identification and color code IEC/AHA

The electrode placements shown in this manual are labelled with the colors according to IEC requirements. The equivalent AHA colors are given below.

		IEC (Europe)	A	AHA (U.S.)
System	Electrode identifier	Color	Electrode identifier	Color
Limb	R	Red	RA (right arm)	White
	L	Yellow	LA (left arm)	Black
	F	Green	LL (left leg)	Red
Chest	C1	White/Red	V1	Brown/Red
	C2	White/Yellow	V2	Brown/Yellow
	C3	White/Green	V3	Brown/Green
	C4	White/Brown	V4	Brown/Blue
	C5	White/Black	V5	Brown/Orange
	C6	White/Violet	V6	Brown/Violet
Neutral	N	Black	RL (right leg)	Green

#### Pacemaker monitoring



**WARNING** Patients with a pacemaker must be observed continuously because the heart rate from the pacemaker might still be registered in case of a cardiac arrest or some arrhythmias. See specification "Technical data" on page 117 for disclosure of the pacemaker pulse rejection capability of this monitor.



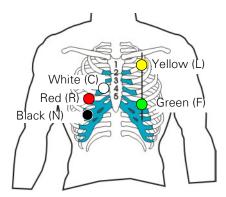
**WARNING** Pacemaker monitoring is not possible with ECG cables that have unshielded lead wires. Ensure that only shielded lead wire ECG cables are used when monitoring patients that have a pacemaker.



**WARNING** Welch Allyn recommends using an  $SpO_2$  sensor in addition to the ECG measurement and to set the alarm range for the peripheral pulse (PP) in the range of the heart rate (HR), or to set the HR source in the  $SpO_2$  menu to  $SpO_2$  (see " $SpO_2$  settings" on page 69.)

#### 3- and 5-lead cables for pacemaker patients

The following illustration shows the electrode placement with a 5-lead patient cable for optimum results for patients with an implanted pacemaker.



With a 3-lead patient cable, only R, L and F are connected.

IEC	AHA	
Black (N)	Green (RL)	
Red (R)	White (RA)	
Yellow (L)	Black (LA)	
Green (F)	Red (LL)	
White (C)	Brown (V)	

### Activating the pacer display

- 1. Select the HR measurement field using the trim knob. A white frame appears around the measurement field.
- 2. Press the trim knob to display the menu.
- 3. Scroll down to the pacer display option and select yes.



Pacemaker spikes are presented as vertical lines (a) on the ECG trace. These vertical lines represent neither magnitude nor duration of the pacemaker pulse but are purely time relative.

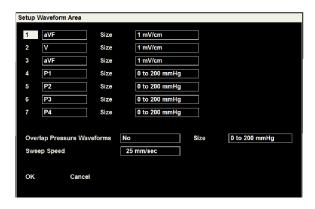


**Note** The Analyze Pacer setting is not applicable.

### **ECG** display

ECG traces can be displayed in waveforms 1, 2 and 3. The waveform lead and size is defined in the waveform display menu (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

- 1. Press the **Setup** button 📧 .
- Select Waveforms.



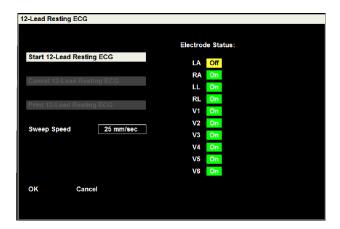
#### 12-lead resting ECG (option)

With this option it is possible to record a 12-lead resting ECG. One resting ECG can be stored at a time. The resting ECG cannot be viewed on the monitor but can be printed on the internal printer.

**Note** The 12-lead resting ECG is an option and only appears in the setup menu when enabled.

#### Taking a resting ECG

- 1. Press the **Setup** button **1**.
- 2. Select 12-lead ECG.



- Check electrode status. Ensure the green On is displayed for all electrodes this indicates that the electrode resistance is within acceptable range to obtain a valid reading.
- Select Start 12-lead Resting ECG. The message Rest ECG Analysis in Progress is displayed while the resting ECG is being taken. This is followed by Rest ECG -Complete.
- 5. The resting ECG is saved in memory until a new patient is defined or the ECG is overwritten with a new recording.

### ECG menu settings

**Note** The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob. (See "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Main menu	Parameter	Description				
Setup HR	ECG Lead	Lead selection	Lead selection I, II, III, V, AVL, AVR, AVF			
	Size	0.5, <b>1</b> , 2, 4 mV	/cm			
	HR/PR source <sup>1</sup>	ECG, SpO <sub>2</sub> , P1				
	HR/PR Tone <sup>1</sup>	Off/ on <sup>2</sup>				
	ECG Filter	Select Diagnostic or <b>Monitor</b> Two predefined filter settings can be selected. These defined filter options define the cut off frequency for the Myogram, Baseline and Mains filters. The filter definitions and the corresponding filter cut-offs are defined as follows:		ne Myogram, s and the		
			Baseline	Myogram	Mains	
		Diagnostic	0.05 Hz	150 Hz	as set	
		Monitor	0.50	35 Hz	as set	
	Single ECG	Yes/ <b>No</b> , sele ECG lead.	ct lead <b>I</b> , II, III, or	r V. Select this op	tion to analyze one	
	Pacer Display	Yes/No displays pacer pulses relative to time but not representative of either amplitude, duration or polarity.				
	Analyzer Pacer	Yes/No - not applicable.				
	HR lower / upper limit <sup>3</sup>	Range: 25 - 250 Lower limit default 50 Upper limit default 120				
	Cal	Generates a	simulated 1 mV o	calibration impuls	se on the curve.	

<sup>1.</sup> This can also be set in the setup  $\mathrm{SpO}_2$  menu.

**Note** A setting is available in the administrator menu that prevents the HR / PR alarm (upper / lower limit) from being switched off (see "Administrator" on page 108).

<sup>2.</sup> If  $SpO_2$  is selected, the pitch of the beep corresponds to the  $SpO_2$  saturation. A high pitched beep indicates a high saturation

<sup>3.</sup> The lower limit cannot be set to a higher value than the value set for the upper limit, and vice versa.

### ECG alarms and messages

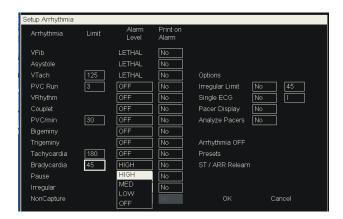
Message	Possible cause	Suggested action
HR – asystole/ASY	No QRS detected for 4 seconds.	Check the patient. ECG signal lower than 0.5 mV.
HR – ventricular fibrillation/VF	No organized ventricular rhythm detected.	Check the patient. ECG signal lower than 0.5 mV.
HR – artifact	Patient has moved.	Calm the patient.
	Bad electrode.	Checking the electrode pads.
	Interferences by other devices.	Remove source of the interference.
HR > [upper limit] HR < [lower limit]	Heart rate higher/lower than alarm limit.	Check the patient.
HR – lead off	Electrode lose/defective.	Check and reapply/replace electrodes.
	Patient cable defective.	Replace the patient cable.

# Arrhythmia

### Arrhythmia settings

**Note** The full arrhythmia menu is only displayed when the full arrhythmia option is licensed. When the full arrhythmia option has not been enabled, settings are made for VFib, Asystol and Vtach only.

- 1. Press the Setup button ョ.
- 2. Select Arrhythmia.



The default settings are in bold.

Main menu	Parameter	Description
Setup Arrhythmia	VFib	Alarm Level - Lethal (cannot be changed), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Asystole	Alarm Level - Lethal (cannot be changed), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	VTach	VTach Limit 100 to 200 (125), Alarm Level - Lethal (cannot be changed), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	PVC run	PVC run 3 to 6 (6) Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	VRyhthm	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Couplet	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	PVC/min	PVC/min 1to 30 ( <b>30</b> ) Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Bigeminy	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .

Main menu	Parameter	Description
Setup Arrhythmia (continued)	Trigeminy	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Tachycardia	Tachycardia 150 to 250 (180) Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, Off), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Bradycardia	Bradycardia 20 to 100 (45) Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, Off), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Pause	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, Off), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> .
	Irregular (irregular rhythm)	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> . This is an irregularity in the R to R interval over a series of at least 16 nonventricular beats. The number of beats analyzed is given in options.
	Non-capture (pacemaker non-capture)	Alarm Level (High, Medium, Low, <b>Off</b> ), Print on alarm Yes/ <b>No</b> . This is for pacemaker patients with the analyze pacers option enabled (see options below) - a beat does not directly follow a pacer.
Options	Irregular Limit	Yes/No, set limit between 45 and 120 (45)
	Single ECG	Yes/ <b>No</b> , select lead <b>I</b> , II, III, or V. Select this option to analyze one ECG lead.
	Pacer Display	Yes/ <b>No</b> displays pacer pulses relative to time but not representative of either amplitude, duration or polarity.
	Analyze Pacers	Yes/ <b>No</b> enables non-capture (see above).
	Arrhythmia OFF	Sets all alarms to off except VFib, Asystole and VTach which remain set at the highest alarm level.
	Presets	Resets all arrhythmia settings to the default.
	ST / ARR Relearn	Approximately 15 - 20 complexes are used to set the parameters (duration, amplitude, etc.) for Arrhythmia analysis. Select this option to redefine the template used.

### ST measurement (option)

The ST segment represents the period from the end of ventricular depolarization to the beginning of ventricular repolarization. The ST segment lies between the end of the QRS complex and the initial deflection of the T-wave. It is normally isoelectric.

ST Analysis is a useful diagnostic tool because it may provide an early indication of myocardial ischemia or infarction.

ST Analysis is an algorithm that analyzes the offset of the ST segment from the ECG signal of normal beats. The offset of a reference beat is measured in millivolts (mV) (or millimeters) with respect to the isoelectric level of the ECG waveform; the offset of subsequent beats is measured relative to the reference beat.

The reference beat is originally obtained by learning the patient's normal morphology, but it can be modified by the clinician at any time using the re-learn option in the ST Analysis Setup Window (see next page). When re-learn is selected reference beat is updated to the current morphology.

**Note** ST re-learn is also initiated by arrhythmia re-learn.

The ST measurement is made at a point 60 or 80 milliseconds (ms) after the J-point (see next page).

The J-point is the point on the ST segment where the slope changes (marking the end of the QRS and the beginning of the ST segment.

### ST settings

Note

ST measurements can only be displayed when the full arrhythmia and ST option is licensed, and when ST is enabled in setup parameters (See "Defining parameter fields" on page 25).

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).



The default settings are in **bold**.

Main menu	Parameter	Description
Setup ST	ST Relearn	Reanalyzes the QRS complexes to determine base measurement levels.
	ST Lead 1	Define the lead for measurement 1 (default <b>lead</b> II).
	ST lead 2	Define the lead for measurement 2 (default lead $f V$ ).
	ST Measurement point	Auto, 60, 80. Define the measurement point (ms after the j-point).  Note: When Auto is defined, the measurement point is set to either 60 or 80 ms. This is dependent on the results of an algorithm that builds a hysteresis counter based on the patient's average heart rate - a faster heart rate is set at 60 ms.
	Lower limit / upper limit	Range: -10 to +10 Lower limit default -1 Upper limit default +1
	Alarm level	Off, Low, Medium, High.
	Print on alarm	Yes, No.
	Presets	Select to return all ST settings to the defaults.

### ST alarm messages

Alarm	Possible cause	Suggested action
ST > [upper limit] ST< [lower limit]	ST is higher or lower than the alarm limit.	Check the patient.

### Respiration rate

**Note** The RR measurement field is not displayed if the etCO<sub>2</sub> field is enabled.

If the RR should be measured via the ECG instead of etCO<sub>2</sub>, the etCO<sub>2</sub> measurement field must be deactivated as follows:



Press the Setup button  $\blacksquare$ , select Parameters and deactivate et $\mathrm{CO}_2$  (No).

**Note** The RR signal is measured via the R (RA) and F (LL) electrodes of the ECG cable (impedance measurement). After the patient is connected, about 30 seconds can elapse before a reliable value is displayed.

#### Respiration rate settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Main menu	Parameter	Description
RESP Enabled	Display RR measurement	Yes, <b>No</b> . When the respiration is not enabled, (Disabled) is displayed in the measurement screen.
		RR-ECG (Disabled)
Apnea	Apnea time	6, 10, 15, <b>20</b> , 25, 30 seconds.
Setup RR	Lower limit / upper limit	Range: 2- 150 Lower limit default 5 Upper limit default 30

### Respiration rate alarms and messages

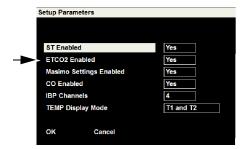
Message	Possible cause	Suggested action
RR out of range (too high)	The patient's RR is too high for accurate measurement.	Check the patient.
	Electrical interferences from other devices.	Remove source of the interference.
	Signal disturbed due to frequent artifacts caused by bad electrode contact.	Check and reapply/replace electrodes if required.
RR lead off	Electrode loose/defective.	Check and reapply/replace electrodes.
RR artifact	Patient has moved.	Calm the patient.
	Interferences by other devices.	Remove source of the interference.
	Bad electrode.	Check/replace electrodes.
RR > [upper limit] RR < [lower limit]	RR is higher or lower than alarm limit.	Check the patient.

### Capnography

The capnography module is intended to provide professionally trained health care providers with continuous, non-invasive measurement and monitoring of carbon dioxide concentration of the expired and inspired breath and respiration rate. It is intended for use with neonatal, pediatric, and adult patients.

**Note** The etCO<sub>2</sub> menu is only displayed when the etCO<sub>2</sub> option is enabled. If the etCO<sub>2</sub> measurement field is not displayed ensure it is enabled in the parameter settings.

Press the Setup button III, enter the menu **Setup/Parameters** and activate etCO<sub>2</sub>.



#### Safety

Only use Welch Allyn approved accessories for etCO<sub>2</sub> monitoring.



**WARNING** Carefully route the sampling line to reduce the possibility of patient entanglement or strangulation.



**WARNING** The sampling line may ignite in the presence of oxygen when directly exposed to laser, electro-surgical devices, or high heat. When performing head and neck procedures involving laser, electrosurgical devices or high heat, use with caution to prevent flammability of the sampling line or surrounding surgical drapes



**WARNING** When using a sampling line for intubated patients with a closed suction system, do not place the airway adapter between the suction catheter and endotracheal tube. This is to ensure that the airway adapter does not interfere with the functioning of the suction catheter.



**WARNING** Loose or damaged connections may compromise ventilation or cause an inaccurate measurement of respiratory gases. Securely connect all components and check connections for leaks according to standard clinical procedures.



**WARNING** Do not cut, remove any part, bend or crush the sampling line. This could lead to erroneous readings.



**WARNING** If too much moisture enters the sampling line (i.e., from ambient humidity or breathing of unusually humid air), and the sampling line cannot be cleared, the message Blockage appears in the message area. Replace the sampling line once the sampling line blockage message appears.



**Caution** In high-altitude environments,  $etCO_2$  values may be lower than values observed at sea level. When using the monitor in high altitude environments, it is advisable to consider adjusting  $etCO_2$  alarm settings accordingly.



**Caution** Microstream® etCO $_2$  sampling lines are designed for single patient use, and are not to be reprocessed. Do not attempt to clean, disinfect, sterilize or flush any part of the sampling line as this can cause damage to the monitor.



**Caution** Dispose of sampling lines according to standard operating procedures or local regulations for the disposal of contaminated medical waste.



**Caution** Before use, carefully read the Microstream etCO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines Directions for Use.



**Caution** Only use Microstream etCO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines to ensure the monitor functions properly.



**Caution** Dispose of Microstream etCO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines according to standard operating procedures or local regulations for the disposal of contaminated medical waste.



**Caution** During nebulization or suction for Intubated patients, in order to avoid moisture buildup and sampling line occlusion, remove the sampling line luer connector from the monitor.



**Caution** Replace the sampling line according to hospital protocol or when a blockage is indicated by the monitor. Excessive patient secretions or a build-up of liquids in the airway tubing may occlude the sampling line, requiring more frequent replacement.

#### Preparing the Oridion sensor

Basic principles for choosing microstream CO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines

When choosing Microstream CO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines, the following should be considered:

- The condition of the patient (ventilated or not ventilated)
- If the patient is ventilated, whether ventilation is humidified or non-humidified
- Patient's size and weight
- The probability that the patient will switch between oral and nasal breathing
- Duration of use
- For best results, for short term monitoring, use Microstream CO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines with orange connectors. For long term monitoring, use Microstream CO<sub>2</sub> sampling lines with yellow connectors." Products that include an "H" in the name are intended for long term use.

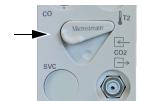
Select the appropriate sampling line and connect it to the monitor before putting on the patient. Be sure to follow the directions for provided with the sampling line.

For further information, please contact your local representative.

#### Connecting a sampling line

The appropriate sampling line must be connected to the monitor and to the patient. Connect as follows:

 Slide open the sampling line input connector shutter and connect the appropriate sampling line.



- 2. Screw the sampling line connector into the monitor clockwise until it can no longer be turned.
- 3. Connect the sampling line to the patient as described in the Directions for Use supplied with the sampling line.

When the sampling line is connected, the monitor will immediately begin to search for breaths, but it will not indicate a No Breath condition before any valid breaths have occurred.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> data displayed by the monitor

The monitor Home screen displays real time CO<sub>2</sub> data. The displayed data includes:

- Real time etCO<sub>2</sub> values along with selected units and alarm settings
- Respiration rate (RR) in breaths per minute and alarm settings
- Real-time FiCO<sub>2</sub> values along with selected units and alarm settings
- CO<sub>2</sub> Waveform if enabled (see "Waveform display" on page 28)
- IPI value if enabled (see following).

### $etCO_2$ settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Parameter	Description	
Size	<b>0 to 40 mmHg</b> , 0 to 60mmHg, 0 to 80mmHg.	
Units	mmHg/kPa.	
Apnea time	6, 10, 15, <b>20</b> , 25, 30 seconds.	
EtCO <sub>2</sub> lower /upper limit	Range: 0- 99 mmHg Lower limit default <b>25 mmHg</b> / 3 kPa) Upper limit default <b>60 mmHg</b> / 8 kPa.	
RR lower limit / upper limit	Range: 2- 150 Lower limit default 5 Upper limit default <b>30</b> .	
FiCO <sub>2</sub> upper limit	2 - 25 mmHg <b>(5 mmHg</b> / 0.7 kPa).	

#### Integrated Pulmonary Index (IPI) settings and measurement

The capnography module provides the clinician with an integrated pulmonary index (IPI). The IPI is based on end tidal carbon dioxide, respiration rate, oxygen saturation and heart rate. The IPI is a single index of an adult or pediatric patient's ventilatory status displayed on a scale of 1 - 10, where 10 indicates optimal pulmonary status. IPI monitoring displays a single value that represents the patient's pulmonary parameters and alerts clinicians to changes in the patient's pulmonary status.

IPI provides an uncomplicated, inclusive assessment of a patient's ventilatory and oxygenation status. By following the trend of the IPI, a clinician can quickly assess the inter-relations of a patient's respiratory parameters.

IPI also provides an early indication of changes in a patient's respiratory status that may not be indicated by the values of the individual parameters.

IPI is only supported in adult and pediatric mode. When patient mode is set for neonatal, IPI cannot be enabled. Patient mode is defined in the setup menu (mode see "Patient mode" on page 107). When pediatric is set, there are three pediatric submodes based on age. It is important to choose the patient age group to which the current patient belongs (see below).

Since the IPI uses data from the monitoring of both  $\rm CO_2$  and  $\rm SpO_2$ , it will only be available when both parameters are available and RR and PR are being calculated from these parameters.



#### IPI settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Parameter	Description
IPI Enabled <sup>1</sup>	$\mbox{No}/\mbox{yes}.$ When enabled the measurement appears below the etCO $_2$ measurement. The lower limit is displayed after the measurement.
	PR (8)02)  80 SPM 120 60
	ETCO2 <b>3.4</b> mmHg 60 26 RR-CO2 <b>1.1</b> RPM 30 5
	F1C02 0 mmHg 5
	Sp.02 98 % 100 PI
Age range <sup>2</sup>	1 to 3, 3 to 6, 6 to 12.
Lower limit	1 to 9 (default <b>4</b> )

- 1. IPI can only be enabled when patient mode is set to either adult or pediatric
- 2. Age range is only applicable when the patient mode is set to pediatric. When patient mode is set to adult this option is greyed and cannot be entered.

#### Assessing the IPI value

IPI can provide an early indication of a change in ventilatory status which may not be shown by the current value of any of the four parameters individually. The IPI is designed to summarize information regarding patient status, possibly before etCO<sub>2</sub>, RR, SpO<sub>2</sub>, or PR values reach levels of clinical concern. While the IPI highlights a change in ventilatory status, the root parameters are still required to understand patient status. It is important to note that different conditions can cause similar IPI values.

The IPI trend graph displays the patient ventilatory status trend in one graph, and thus can alert you to changes in patient status. The importance of the IPI therefore, lies not only in its absolute numeric number, but also in its relationship to previous values, so that a graph can display an upward or downward trend in patient status and indicates that attention or intervention may be required.

The IPI is modeled on normal healthy patients (ASA Physical Status value of 1 according to the ASA Physical Status Classification System, as published in Relative Value Guide® - 2008 of the American Society of Anesthesiologists). Patients with ASA Physical Status values of 3 or higher are expected to have low IPI values by definition. Therefore, for patients with an ASA Physical Status value of 3 or higher, the IPI may have no added value.

The range of the IPI is 1-10; values should be understood as seen in the table below.

Index range	Patient Status	
10	Normal	
8 - 9	Within normal range	
7	Close to normal range: requires attention	
5 - 6	Requires attention and may require intervention	
3 - 4	Requires intervention	
1 - 2	Requires immediate intervention	

**Note** A graphical trend view of the IPI can be displayed. This is selected in waveforms (see "Displaying trend data in the measurements screen" on page 30).

If patient mode is changed, all IPI trend data is purged.

# $et CO_2 \ alarms \ and \ messages$

Message	Possible cause	Suggested action
etCO <sub>2</sub> > [upper limit] etCO <sub>2</sub> < [lower limit]	${\rm etCO_2}$ is higher / lower than alarm limit.	Check the patient.
RR > [upper limit] RR < [lower limit]	RR is higher / lower than alarm limit.	Check the patient.
FiCO <sub>2</sub> > [upper limit]	FiCO <sub>2</sub> has exceeded alarm limit.	Check the patient and ventilator.
CO <sub>2</sub> needs calibration	CO <sub>2</sub> measurement reading too low due to:  Incorrect calibration  Module requires calibration	Carry out calibration.
IPI cannot measure	$\mathrm{CO}_2$ measurement reading too low. $\mathrm{SpO}_2$ measurement too low or absent.	Check the patient.  Check SpO <sub>2</sub> measurement and sensor.

### NIBP monitoring

### Safety



**WARNING** To prevent extensive pressure on the extremity, it is very important to:

- · Choose the correct cuff size.
- Check the initial pressure in the NIBP menu. The correct initial pressure for adults is 160 mmHg, for pediatric patients 120 mmHg, and for neonates 90 mmHg.



**WARNING** In case of long-term monitoring or automatic operation, the connected body areas of the patient and the extremity to which the cuff is attached must be checked regularly for signs of ischaemia, purpuras or neuropathy.



**WARNING** The cuff must not be attached to a limb that is already used for interventions such as infusions or  $SpO_2$  measurement.



**WARNING** To prevent incorrect measurement results, make sure that the NIBP tube is not compressed.



**WARNING** To achieve correct arterial pressure measurement, the cuff must always be installed on the level of the right atrium.

#### Taking a single NIBP measurement

- 1. Press the **NIBP start/stop** button **.**
- 2. The measurement can be stopped at any time by pressing the button again.

#### Automatic blood pressure measurement

- 1. Press the **NIBP measurement interval button (1)**.
- 2. Select the interval between 3 minutes and 60 minutes, and confirm your selection with **OK**.
- 3. The message **NIBP interval xx minutes** is displayed.
- 4. The first measurement is started by pressing the **NIBP start/stop** button **.**
- **Note** After exiting the standby mode, ensure that the NIBP intervals are re-armed by manually starting an NIBP measurement.
- **Note** These settings are reset when the monitor is switched off and automatic measurement must again be defined when the monitor is switched on.

**Note** The monitor sets the maximum pressure as follows:

Adults: 270 mmHg.Pediatric: 180 mmHg.Neonate: 150 mmHg.

The patient mode is defined in the setup menu ("Patient mode" on page 107).

# NIBP settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Parameter	Description	
NIBP Interval	Off, 3, 5, 10, 15, 30, 60	
Format	Sys/Dia or Mean. This defines the main measurement to be displayed, that is the larger measurement displayed in the NIBP box. The secondary measurement is displayed smaller by the side of the defined measurement. Note that the mean measurement is shown in brackets.	
	120 / 80 mmHg and sand	
Initial Inflation Pressure	Adult: 160 Pediatric: 120 Neonate: 90	
NIBPs (systolic blood pressure) upper/lower limit	Range: 30 - 300 Adult <b>220/75</b> Pediatric: <b>145/75</b> Neonate: <b>100/50</b>	
NIBPd (diastolic blood pressure) upper/lower limit	Range: 20 - 235 Adult 110/35 Pediatric: 100/35 Neonate: 70/30	
NIBPm (mean pressure) upper/ lower limit	Range: 20 - 255 Adult <b>120/50</b> Pediatric: <b>110/50</b> Neonate: <b>80/35</b>	

### NIBP alarms and messages

Message	Possible cause	Suggested action
NIBP needs service	No NIBP module detected.	Switch off and restart.
		Replace monitor.
NIBP artifact cannot measure	Patient has moved.	Calm the patient.
	Max. required pressure is higher than the initial pressure of 160 mmHg. <sup>1</sup>	Repeat measurement. The monitor will automatically increase the initial pressure.
Cannot measure	Patient has moved.	Check and calm patient.
NIBP	Very unsteady pulse.	Apply cuff to another extremity with less movement and steady pulse.
	Air tube plugged or leaking.	Check tube and cuff.
NIBP cuff leak	No cuff connected, or cuff or insufficiently fitted or defective.	Check cuff position.
		Check cuff for tightness.
		Check if the cuff is connected to the monitor.
NIBP signal low	Blocked tube; kink in the tube.	Check and replace the tube if required.
	Cuff not applied correctly.	Reposition/check the cuff.
	Pulse too low for good measurement.	Apply the cuff to another extremity where the pulse measurement is easier.
NIBP time too long	Inflation time exceeded (max. 135 sec.) due to interferences because the patient has moved	Check the patient (see also message "cannot measure").
		Repeat the measurement.
NIBPs < [lower limit]	Systolic pressure too low.	Check the patient and alarm limits.
NIBPs > [upper limit]	Systolic pressure too high.	Check the patient and alarm limits.
NIBPd < [lower limit]	Diastolic pressure too low.	Check the patient and alarm limits.
NIBPd > [upper limit]	Diastolic pressure too high.	Check the patient and alarm limits.
NIBPm < [lower limit]	Mean pressure too low.	Check the patient and alarm limits.
NIBPm > [upper limit]	Mean pressure too high.	Check the patient and alarm limits.

If the initial pressure is too low, the measurement is immediately restarted and the pressure is increased by 60 mmHg.

### SpO<sub>2</sub> monitoring

Two SpO2 modules are available with the monitor - Masimo or Nellcor. The two modules are distinguished by the connectors. The display data and waveform are similar for both modules. The Masimo module has extra clinical settings for signal processing (see "Masimo settings" on page 70).



- Pulse oximetry enables the continuous non-invasive monitoring of the functional oxygen saturation of the arterial hemoglobin and the peripheral pulse rate.
- The display shows the continuous progress of the numeric SpO<sub>2</sub>, plethysmographic waveform and signal quality values.
- The displayed plethysmographic waveform is not proportional to the pulse volume.
- The update period of the measurement readings on the display is approximately 2 seconds.
- In accordance with the relevant standards, the temporary alarm silence period can be set to a maximum of 2 minutes.

The peak wavelength and maximum optical power of the light emitted by the pulse oximeter probes can be especially useful to clinicians e.g. performing photodynamic therapy. They are as follows:

- Range of peak wavelengths: 600 nm to 900 nm.
- Maximum light power output: <15 mW.

#### Safety



**WARNING** Only use sensors recommended from Welch Allyn for  $SpO_2$  measurement with the monitor. Only use Masimo sensors when the monitor has a Masimo module. Only use Nellcor sensors when the monitor has a Nellcor module. Other sensors can impact the performance and give incorrect measurement readings.



**WARNING** The information in this manual does not overrule any instructions given in the  $SpO_2$  sensor directions for use. Before using the sensor, carefully read the sensor directions for use.



**WARNING** Do not use the pulse oximeters or sensors during magnetic resonance image scanning. Induced current could potentially cause burns, and the pulse oximetry may affect the image and the accuracy of the measurements.



**WARNING** Do not use the pulse oximeter or sensors in or near the presence of MRI equipment or in an MRI suite.



**WARNING** Tissue damage can be caused by incorrect application or use of a sensor. Inspect the sensor site as described in the sensor directions for use to ensure skin integrity and correct positioning of the sensor.



**WARNING** Do not use damaged patient cables, damaged sensors or a sensor with exposed optical components.



**WARNING** Substances causing disturbances: Carboxyhemoglobin can lead to falsely high measurement readings. Colors or substances containing colors that influence the natural blood pigments can also lead to incorrect measurement readings.



**WARNING** Exposure to excessive illumination, such as surgical lamps (especially those with xenon light source), bilirubin lamps, fluorescent lights, infrared heating lamps or direct sunlight, can affect the performance of an SpO<sub>2</sub> sensor. To prevent exposure to excessive illumination, ensure that the sensor is correctly applied and that it is covered with an opaque material, if required. If these measures are neglected, excessive illumination can lead to incorrect measurements.



**WARNING** Change the sensor's position at least every 4 hours.

## $SpO_2$ settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Parameter	Description
SpO <sub>2</sub> alarm pause	When the alarm is paused the message ${\rm SpO_2}$ Alarms Paused appears in the message line. The alarm is paused until the sensor is reinstalled.
HR/PR source <sup>1</sup>	ECG, SpO <sub>2</sub> , P1 (selection of the heart rate source). The source is displayed in brackets next to the HR parameter.
HR/PR tone <sup>1</sup>	Off, on <sup>2</sup>
SpO <sub>2</sub> lower/upper limit	Range: 50- 100 Lower limit default <b>50</b> Upper limit default <b>100</b>

<sup>1.</sup> This can also be set in the Setup HR menu.

If SpO<sub>2</sub> is the HR/PR source, the pitch of the beep corresponds to the SpO<sub>2</sub> saturation. A high-pitched beep indicates a high saturation.

## Masimo settings

When the monitor has a Masimo module installed, the following settings are additionally available:

**Note** The extra settings for masimo modules are only available when Masimo settings enabled in the parameter settings (see "Defining parameter fields" on page 25).

Parameter	Description	
Display Signal IQ (SIQ) Waveform <sup>1</sup>	On, Off. This value shows the acquired signal quality and timing of the pulse relative to the plethysmograph. A vertical line is displayed corresponding with the pulse beep: a tall vertical line indicates a high quality signal, a small line indicates a low quality signal.	
	SIQ values	
Display Perfusion Index (PI) <sup>2</sup>	On, Off. The perfusion index indicates the percentage of pulsatile to non-pulsatile signal. The range of signal strength is 0.02 to 20%. A value of 0 indicates that no measurement is available. This setting allows clinicians to place sensors on optimal sites and can also be used as a troubleshooting tool.	
	98 % 100 PI	
	PI value	
Averaging Time	2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16. Averaging time in seconds. It is recommended that the default of 8 seconds is suitable for most applications.	
Sensitivity	Normal, Max, APOD. The normal mode provides the best combination of sensitivity and probe off detection performance. This mode is recommended for the majority of patients.  The max mode can be used where obtaining a reading is most difficult and the signal may be very weak.  The adaptive probe off detection (APOD) mode is the least sensitive in picking up a reading on patients with low perfusion but has the best detection for off-probe conditions. This mode can be used for patients that are at particular risk of the sensor becoming detached (pediatric, combative, etc).	
Fast SAT	Off, on. Fast SAT mode enables rapid tracking of arterial oxyger saturation changes by minimizing the averaging. This mode is clinically applicable during procedures when detecting rapid changes in oxygen saturation is paramount such as induction, intubation and sleep studies.  Fast SAT is always on when averaging time (above) is set to 2 or 4	

<sup>1.</sup> It is necessary to reboot the device after changing this setting.

<sup>2.</sup> It is necessary to reboot the device after changing this setting.

## $SpO_2$ messages

Message	Possible cause	Suggested action
SpO <sub>2</sub> – check sensor	Defective SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor	Replace the sensor.
	Incorrect settings in the monitor	Check the monitor settings.
SpO <sub>2</sub> – check sensor placement	Poor sensor contact or the sensor has fallen off	Check the contact between the sensor and the patient.
	Sensor is disturbed by ambient light	Cover the sensor.
	Sensor defective (red light on the sensor is not lit)	Replace the sensor.
SpO <sub>2</sub> Low Perfusion <sup>1</sup>	Sensor not properly applied	Check the sensor and reapply.
	Fingernail varnish on the finger	Remove fingernail varnish.
	Thick skin	Change finger.
	Sensor failed	Change sensor.
Weak Signal	see SpO <sub>2</sub> Low Perfusion above	see SpO <sub>2</sub> Low Perfusion above.
SpO <sub>2</sub> unplugged	$\mathrm{SpO}_2$ not connected to the monitor	Connect sensor.
SpO <sub>2</sub> artifact	Patient has moved	Calm the patient.
	Hemodynamic interference	Apply sensor to another extremity.
	Too thin skin	Apply sensor to a larger finger.
SpO <sub>2</sub> < [lower limit]	SpO <sub>2</sub> too low	Check the patient and alarm limits.
SpO <sub>2</sub> > [upper limit]	SpO <sub>2</sub> too high	Check the patient and alarm limits.
Sp02 low signal IQ <sup>2</sup>	Poor quality signal Check the sensor and reapply. No to obtain a better quality signal.	
PR < [lower limit]	Pulse rate too low	Check the patient and alarm limits.
PR > [upper limit]	Pulse rate too high	Check the patient and alarm limits.

When the monitor has a Masimo module, the message Sp02 low perfusion only occurs when the perfusion index feature is enabled.

<sup>2.</sup> The Sp02 low signal IQ message is only given when the monitor has a Masimo module and only occurs if Signal IQ waveform feature is enabled.

## **IBP** monitoring

#### Safety



**WARNING** Carefully read the manufacturer's instructions before using the invasive blood pressure kit.



**WARNING** When applying the kit to the patient, make sure that absolutely no air penetrates the system.



**WARNING** To achieve correct arterial pressure measurement, the pressure sensor must be installed on the level of the right atrium.



**WARNING** If the pressure sensor's position is moved after calibration, this may give inaccurate values.



**WARNING** If an invasive catheter for blood pressure measurement is introduced into an arterial vessel, the circulation in the terminal vessels must be checked at regular intervals.



**WARNING** Single-use accessories must not be reused.



**WARNING** For patient safety, ensure that neither the sensors nor the patient or persons touching the patient, come into contact with conducting objects, even if these are grounded.



**WARNING** Precautions must be observed when using high frequency devices. To prevent the incorrect IBP measurements, only use sensors that are protected against high-frequency radiation.

**Note** The kit and operating procedure vary according to manufacturer. Please consult the manufacturer's documentation for connection.

**Note** For warm-up time/ready for measurement and displacement for invasive transducers, refer to the documentation of the transducer manufacturer.

**Note** P1 is the only connection that can determine the HR/PR source.

## Preparing IBP measurement

Refer to the manufacturer's directions for use for operating information for the IBP sensor.

#### **IBP** settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

Note When changing the IBP label in the setup window, the upper and lower alarm limits will change to match the label (see "IBP alarm defaults" on page 74). The IBP default size (scale) will also change according to the label set.

Parameter	Description		
Zero Set	Zero set the selected IBP1, IBP2, IBP3, IBP4		
Label	P1, P2, P3, P4		
	ART		
	PA		
	RA		
	LA		
	CVP		
	TCP TCP		
	UA		
	UV		
Size	-10 to 20 mmHg		
	-10 to 60 mmHg		
	0 to 150 mmHg		
	0 to 200 mmHg		
	0 to 250 mmHg		
	0 to 300 mmHg		
Format	Sys/Dia or Mean. This defines the main measurement to be displayed, that is the larger measurement displayed in the IBP box. The secondary measurement is displayed smaller below the main measurement. Note that the mean measurement is shown in brackets.		
	(20) mmHg 40 / 10 mmHg smd		

## IBP alarm defaults

Label / Parameter	Adult Lower Limit	Adult	Pediatric	Pediatric	Neonate	Neonate
D1 D2 D2 D4 CVC		Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
P1, P2, P3, P4 SYS	6	14	2	10	2	10
P1, P2, P3, P4 DIA	-4	6	-4	2	-4	2
P1, P2, P3, P4 Mean	0	10	0	4	0	4
ART SYS	75	220	75	145	50	100
ART DIA	35	110	35	100	30	70
ART Mean	50	120	50	110	35	80
CVP SYS	6	14	2	10	2	10
CVP DIA	-4	6	-4	2	-4	2
CVP Mean	0	10	0	4	0	4
PA SYS	10	34	10	34	10	34
PA DIA	0	16	0	16	0	16
PA Mean	0	20	0	20	0	20
ICP SYS	6	14	2	10	2	10
ICP DIA	-4	6	-4	2	-4	2
ICP Mean	0	10	0	4	0	4
RA SYS	6	14	2	10	2	10
RA DIA	-4	6	-4	2	-4	2
RA Mean	0	10	0	4	0	4
LA SYS	6	14	2	10	2	10
LA DIA	-4	6	-4	2	-4	2
LA Mean	0	10	0	4	0	4
UA SYS					50	100
UA DIA					30	70
UA Mean					35	80
UV SYS					2	10
UV DIA					-4	2
UV Mean					0	4

#### IBP zero set

- Zero Set must be carried out before every application.
- To prevent incorrect measurement readings due to the sensor's physical null drift, calibrate the sensor every 24 hours.

**Note** Ensure the sensor is kept still during zero set. If the pressure sensor's position is moved during zero set, this can lead to incorrect values.

- 1. Move to the desired IBP measurement field (P1, P2) using the **trim knob**.
- 2. Press the **trim knob** to display the IBP menu.
- 3. Select Zero Set with the trim knob and press to carry out the zeroing.
- 4. A straight line is displayed in the IPB waveform.

#### IBP alarms and messages

	Suggested action
No IBP module detected	Switch off/on.
	Replace monitor.
Zero-point sensor too high/low	Check tube system, sensor and valves.
unsteady pressure	Re-calibrate the sensor.
Loose sensor contact	Inspect the sensor and cable connection.
A manipulation at the sensor, such as rinsing, has caused variation peaks of ± 150 mmHg	After rinsing, calibrate the sensor.
Constant pressure (± 30 mmHg) during the calibration in the	Check tube system, sensor and valves. Set three-way valve to ambient pressure.
System	Re-calibrate the sensor.
Systolic pressure too low	Check the patient and alarm limits.
Systolic pressure too high	Check the patient and alarm limits.
Mean pressure too low	Check the patient and alarm limits.
Mean pressure too high	Check the patient and alarm limits.
Diastolic pressure too low	Check the patient and alarm limits.
Diastolic pressure too high	Check the patient and alarm limits.
	Zero-point sensor too high/low by more than ± 30 mmHg or unsteady pressure  Loose sensor contact  A manipulation at the sensor, such as rinsing, has caused variation peaks of ± 150 mmHg  Constant pressure (± 30 mmHg) during the calibration in the system  Systolic pressure too low  Systolic pressure too high  Mean pressure too high  Diastolic pressure too low

## Temperature monitoring

- Depending on the sensor type, the sensor can be applied to the ear, the skin or the rectum.
- To achieve a reliable measured value, independent of the measuring site, the measurement duration must be at least 2 minutes.

## Temperature settings

The parameter settings are selected with the trim knob, described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

The default settings are in **bold**.

Parameter	Description
TEMP Display Mode	<b>T1 and T2</b> , T1 only, or T1 and $\Delta$ T
Temp Units	°C or °F
T1 and T2 lower / upper limit	Range: 15°C to 45°C (59°F and 113°F) Lower limit default: 35°C (95°F) Upper limit default: 37.8°C (100°F)
ΔT lower / upper limit	Range: 15°C to 45°C (59°F and 113°F) Lower limit default: 0.0°C (0.0°F) Upper limit default: 0.1°C (0.2°F)

**Note** Alarms can only be set for the temperature parameters that are currently on display. So for example, if T1 and delta T were selected for display, there would be no T2 alarm settings.

### Temperature alarm and messages

Message	Possible cause	Suggested action
TEMP unplugged	TEMP not connected to the monitor	Connect sensor.
TEMP needs service	The monitor has detected an error	Switch monitor Off/On or replace monitor.
TEMP out of range	The temperature is outside the measuring range of the monitor.	Check the patient or alarm limits.
	Sensor or monitor problem	Check the sensor and monitor. Switch the monitor off/on.
TEMP < [lower limit]	Temperature too low	Check the patient and alarm limits.
TEMP > [upper limit]	Temperature too high	Check the patient and alarm limits.

## Cardiac output (option)

#### Introduction

The WA 1500 patient monitor uses the thermodilution method of measuring cardiac output. A pulmonary artery catheter (PAC) is inserted into the right side of the heart. The PAC is balloon tipped and is inflated to help it through the right ventricle to occlude a smaller branch of the pulmonary artery system. The balloon is deflated and the PAC injects a small amount (10ml) of cold injectate at a known temperature into the pulmonary artery. The temperature is then measured at a known distance using the same catheter.

The cardiac output can be calculated from the measured temperature curve. Low cardiac output will change the temperature slowly, and high cardiac output will change the temperature rapidly. The degree of change in temperature is directly proportional to the cardiac output.

Usually three to five repeated measures are averaged to improve accuracy.

#### CO Units

Cardiac output is expressed as liters / minute:

Cardiac Output (CO) = Stroke volume × Heart rate
 where: Stroke volume = End Diastolic Volume (EDV) - End Systolic Volume (ESV)
 Heart rate = beats per minute

The cardiac index is expressed as liters / minute /  $m^2$ :

Cardiac Index (CI) = Cardiac output/ BSA
 where: BSA is Body Surface Area in square meters.

#### Safety



**WARNING** Carefully read the manufacturer's catheter instructions before carrying out measurements.



**WARNING** When an invasive catheter is introduced into an arterial vessel, the circulation in the terminal vessels must be checked at regular intervals.



**WARNING** When applying the kit to the patient, make sure that no air penetrates the system.



**WARNING** PAC use is complicated by arrhythmias, infection, pulmonary artery rupture, and right heart valve damage.



**WARNING** Single-use accessories must not be reused.



**WARNING** It is important that the CO Computation Constant (see "Cardiac output settings" on page 80) of the catheter is entered correctly to ensure accurate measurements for the specific Edwards-compatible catheter used.



**Caution** Only use Edwards-compatible catheters



Caution Only use Baxter/Edwards/Abbott "in-line" injectate sensors



**Caution** It is important that the injectate temperature is in the range specified for the computation constant.



**Caution** It is important that the injectate volume is the same as that specified in the computation constant.

**Note** The kit and operating procedure vary according to manufacturer. Please consult the manufacturer's documentation for connection.

**Note** For warm-up time/ready for measurement and displacement for invasive transducers, refer to the documentation of the transducer manufacturer.

#### Approved catheters and injectate sensor type

#### Catheters

The monitor will work with any blood temperature sensor that is Edwards-compatible.

#### Injectate Sensor

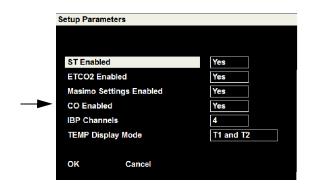
The injectate sensor must be a Baxter/Edwards/Abbott "in-line" thermistor.

**Note** The monitor does not support bath probe or arrow flow-through sensor.

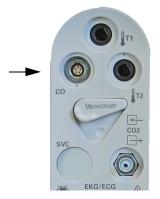
#### Preparing for cardiac output measurement

**Note** The CO is only displayed when the CO option is enabled. If the CO measurement field is not displayed, ensure that it is enabled in the parameter settings.

1. Press the Setup button 1. enter the menu **Setup/Parameters** and activate CO enabled (yes).



2. Connect the catheter to the CO connector on the side panel.



3. Setup the catheter according to the instructions given by the manufacturer.

## Taking a CO measurement

#### Cardiac output settings

1. Use the trim knob to select and highlight the CO measurement field. Press the trim knob to display the settings.



**Note** Parameter selection with the trim knob is described previously (see "Settings via a parameter field" on page 31).

2. The settings screen appears:



3. Make the settings as shown on the following page.

The default settings are in **bold**.

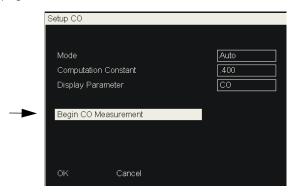
Parameter	Description		
Mode	Auto, manual. In auto mode the unit monitors the blood temperature and indicates that a measurement can be commenced only when the temperature is stable.  In manual mode, the user monitors starts the measurement at any time.		
Computation constant	Between 000 and 999 (starting figure 400). This is a constant based on the temperature coefficient of the catheter, temperature and volume of the injectate, and catheter dimensions.		
	The formula used is as follows:		
	$CC = \frac{1.08 * C_t * 60 * V_I}{1000}$		
	Where:		
	<ul> <li>1.08 = density times specific heat (5% dextrose / blood)</li> <li>C<sub>t</sub> = catheter thermal loss coefficient (specified by the catheter manufacturer)</li> <li>60 = seconds</li> <li>V<sub>I</sub> = volume of the injectate</li> <li>1000 = conversion factor (cubic centimeters to liter)</li> </ul>		
	Note: The $C_t$ value specified by the manufacturer, will differ according the temperature of the injectate solution and separate $C_t$ values will be stated for different temperature ranges, for example $0^\circ$ to $5^\circ$ , $19^\circ$ to $22^\circ$ , and $23^\circ$ to $25^\circ$ .		
	Since all factors are constants except the injection volume and the injection temperature, many manufactures will specify the computation constant CC for specific volumes and temperature range instead of the thermal loss coefficient $\mathbf{C}_t$ in their instruction leaflet. This can be entered directly.		
Display parameter	${\bf CO},$ CI. Measurement shown as cardiac output (liters per minute) or cardiac index (cardiac output / body surface area (m²)). For CI the patient data must have been entered.		



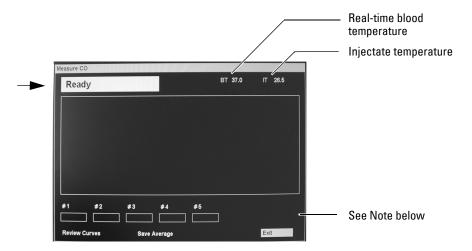
**Caution** It is essential that the computation constant is entered correctly so that the monitor knows the volume and temperature range of the injectate, and the thermal loss of the catheter. Inaccurate results will be obtained if the computation constant is not correct.

#### Taking a CO measurement

- 1. Insert the catheter and prepare injectate solution in accordance with the instructions provided by the manufacturer.
- 2. On the monitor make the settings and enter the computation constant (see previous page).



3. The blood temperature is monitored and when the temperature is stable, **Ready** is indicated at the top of the screen.

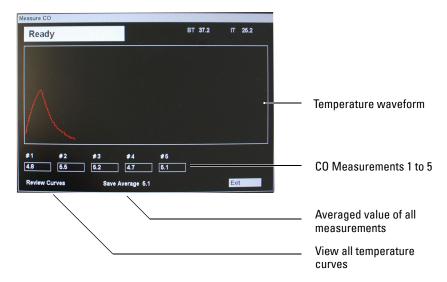


Note In manual mode, (see the mode parameter in "Cardiac output settings" on page 80), a start button is positioned in the lower right of the screen. The **Ready** indication is given when this is selected.

4. Inject the solution. The temperature waveform is displayed and the CO value given in measurement 1.

**Note** Follow you facility's guidelines for injecting the solution.

5. Repeat to obtain 3-5 measurements.



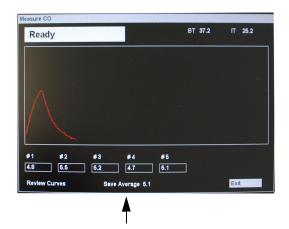
#### Editing the measurements

- The average value is displayed in the bottom middle of the screen and is updated after every measurement or if a measurement is deleted.
- After five measurements, when another measurement is taken, the latest measurement takes the place of measurement 5 and all measurements are shifted left (and measurement 1 is deleted).
- Any measurement can be deleted by selecting and pressing the trim knob. If another measurement is taken, the later measurements are shifted left as above and the measurement deleted is replaced by the one higher.
- Select **Review curves** to view the temperature waveforms of all measurements.



#### Saving a measurement

When three or more consistent measurements have been obtained, **Save Average** can be selected to save the measurement. You are prompted to confirm.





When confirmed the averaged measurement is entered in the CO field at the bottom of the screen.



The time when the measurement was made appears in the top right corner and the measurement parameter (CO or CI) appears in the left corner.

The measurement remains until overwritten or a new patient is confirmed.

**Note** A graphical trend view of the CO can be displayed. This is selected in waveforms (see "Displaying trend data in the measurements screen" on page 30).

## CO messages

The following self-clearing alert messages may be displayed during the CO measurement process:

Message	Message trigger and when displayed	Suggested action
BT out of range (too high or BT out of range (too low)	Blood temperature out of range (High or Low), displayed when:  • detected during a CO measurement session.	Verify correct catheter position.
iow)	<ul> <li>C0 start has been selected for manual mode.</li> </ul>	
IT out of range (too high) or IT out of range (too	Injectate temperature out of range (high or low), displayed when:  • detected during a CO measurement session.	Verify that injectate volume and temperature corresponds for the catheter used and that the computation constant has been entered
low)	detected after CO start has been selected for manual mode.	correctly.  Check injectate temperature.
	Tot mandat mode.	·
		Check injectate probe and catheter probe connection.
CO measurement Time-out	No blood temperature change, displayed when:  CO start has been selected for manual mode	Ensure the injectate is injected soon after CO start has been selected. Reselect Start.
	and no reading is detected in the time-out period.	Verify correct catheter position.
BT unplugged	Blood temperature transducer unplugged, displayed when:  • detected during a CO measurement session.	Check connections and catheter.
	detected after CO start has been selected for manual mode.	
IT unplugged	Injectate temperature transducer unplugged, displayed when:  detected during a CO measurement session.	Check connections.
	<ul> <li>detected after CO start has been selected for manual mode.</li> </ul>	
BT check sensor	Blood temperature transducer fault, displayed when:	Check connections.
	detected during a CO measurement session.	Check catheter.
	<ul> <li>detected after CO start has been selected for manual mode.</li> </ul>	
IT check sensor	Injectate temperature transducer fault, displayed when:	Check connections.
	detected during a CO measurement session.	Check injectate sensor.
	<ul> <li>detected after CO start has been selected for manual mode.</li> </ul>	
CO computation constant not yet entered	Computation constant not yet entered, displayed when:  detected during a CO measurement session.	Enter the computation constant.
	detected after CO start has been selected for manual mode.	

## Hemodynamic calculations

- 1. Press the Setup button <a>I</a></a>
- 2. Select Hemodynamic Calculations.



Enter the following parameters to calculate the hemodynamic calculations (see next page). As soon as the calculated values have sufficient data to for the entered parameters, the calculated values are shown.

Parameter	Description
CO	Cardiac Output
HR	Heart rate (bpm)
ARTs	Arterial pressure systolic
ARTd	Arterial pressure Diastolic
ARTm	Mean arterial pressure
PAs	Pulmonary artery pressure systolic
PAd	Pulmonary artery pressure diastolic
PAm	Mean pulmonary artery pressure
CVP	Central venous pressure
PAWP	Pulmonary artery wedge pressure - the pressure measured by wedging the pulmonary catheter with the inflated balloon in the small pulmonary arterial branch.
Height	Height in cm or inches
Weight	Weight in Kg or lbs

## **Calculations**

Parameter	Units	Description		
Time		Time when the calculations were made		
BSA	m <sup>2</sup>	Body surface area in m <sup>2</sup> calculated as follows:		
		• BSA = ([Height(cm) x Weight(kg)] / 3600 ) <sup>½</sup>		
SV	ml	Stroke volume (milliliters / stroke):		
		• SV = (C0*1000) / HR		
SVR	dyne-sec/cm <sup>5</sup>	Systemic Vascular Resistance (SVR). Represents the load applied to the left ventricular muscle during ejection.		
		• SRV = (ARTm - CVPm) * 80 / CO		
PVR	dyne-sec/cm <sup>5</sup>	Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR):		
		• PRV = (PAm - PAWP) * 80 / CO		
LCW	kg-m	Left cardiac work:		
		• LCW = C0 * (ARTm - PAWP) * 0.0136		
LVSW	gm-m	Left ventricular stroke work:		
		<ul> <li>LVSW = SV * (ARTm - PAWP) * 0.0136</li> </ul>		
RCW	kg-m	Right Cardiac Work:		
		<ul> <li>LVSW = SV * (ARTm - PAWP) * 0.0136</li> </ul>		
RVSW	gm-m	Right Ventricular Stroke Work:		
		• RVSW = SV * (PAm - CVPm) * 0.0136		
CI	I/min/m <sup>2</sup>	Cardiac Index:		
		• CI = CO / BSA		
SVI	ml/m <sup>2</sup>	Stroke Volume Index:		
		• SVI = SV / BSA		

Parameter	Units	Description	
SVRI	dyne-sec/cm <sup>5</sup> /m <sup>2</sup>	Systemic Vascular Resistance Index:	
		• SVRI = SRV * BSA	
PVRI	dyne-sec/cm <sup>5</sup> /m <sup>2</sup>	Pulmonary Vascular Resistance Index:	
		• PVRI = PVR * BSA	
LCWI	kg-m/m <sup>2</sup>	Left Cardiac Work Index:	
		• LCWI = LCW / BSA	
LVSWI	gm-m/m <sup>2</sup>	Left Ventricular Stroke Work Index:	
		• LVSWI = LVSW / BSA	
RCWI	kg-m/m <sup>2</sup>	Right Cardiac Work Index:	
		• RCWI = RCW / BSA	
RVSWI	gm-m/m <sup>2</sup>	Right Ventricular Stroke Work Index:	
		• RCSWI = RVSW / BSA	

## 6

## Maintenance

#### Maintenance interval

This software controlled monitor has undergone a software risk analysis to minimize any hazards associated with software defects.

The regular system maintenance must include a functional test according to the manufacturer's instructions. The test results should be recorded (see "Inspection and checklist report" on page 94).

Maintenance work not described in this section, e.g. battery replacement, may only be accomplished by a qualified technician.

The following table indicates the intervals and responsibilities of the maintenance work required. Local regulations in your country may stipulate additional or different inspection intervals and tests.

Interval	Maintenance	Responsible
Before use	Visual inspection of the monitor and cables	User
Every 6 months	Visual inspection of the monitor and cables	User
	Button check	_
	Speaker check	_
	LED check	_
	Alarm check	_
Every 12 months	Yearly test and test after repair according to IEC/EN 62353.	Qualified technician
	CO <sub>2</sub> Calibration <sup>1</sup>	_

The need for calibration is based upon physical component changes that occur during use. The module requires
its first calibration after 1200 operating hours or one calendar year, whichever comes sooner, and then after each
4000 operating hours or once a year, whichever comes sooner. The message Calibration Due appears when the
hourly limit is reached. It is advisable to calibrate in the one-year maintenance program especially if the monitor is
used for intermittent, short term use typical of patient monitors.

## Visual inspection

Defective monitors or damaged cables must be removed from service until repaired or replaced.

Visually inspect the monitor and cables for the following:

- Monitor casing damaged or cracked, excessively scratched, etc.
- Damage to the LCD screen.
- Damage to sensor sheathing, mains, or potential equalization cables.
- Damage to connection panels or connectors.
- Legibility of the labels on the rear of the monitor.
- Legibility of the annotation on the function button panel.

#### **Button check**

Press all buttons and trim knob and check that they work properly.

## Speaker check

On switch-on, beeps must be audible.

#### LED check

Connect mains to the monitor and ensure the Mains LED is illuminated.



Disconnect the mains supply and leave the monitor on for 10 minutes. Reconnect the mains supply and ensure both the mains LED and the battery charge LED are illuminated.

#### Alarm check

The alarm check is performed with the SpO<sub>2</sub> sensor. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Connect the SpO<sub>2</sub> sensor to a volunteer and check that the measurement is within normal range.
- 2. Set the SpO<sub>2</sub> alarm to on and set the limit to the lowest setting (see "SpO<sub>2</sub> settings" on page 69), so that the alarm activates.
- 3. Check that the visual and audible alarms are activated.

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## **Battery maintenance**

The battery is maintenance free during its normal life.

- No maintenance is necessary during normal operation.
- If the monitor is not used, check and recharge the batteries every three months. The battery should not be allowed to fully discharge during storage.
- Replace the battery every 2 to 5 years (depending upon application). When the running time falls substantially under two hours (lithium ion battery), or one hour (lead acid battery), replace the battery.

#### Recharging the battery

Totally discharged batteries require the following times to charge:

- Lead acid battery: 80% capacity 2.8 hours, 100% capacity 3.5 hours
- Li-lon battery: 80% capacity 2.5 hours, 100% capacity 6.5 hours

It is possible to use the monitor when the battery is being charged; however, the charging time of the battery will be extended.

- 1. Connect the monitor to the mains but do not switch it on.
- 2. The LEDs for both mains and battery are illuminated.
- 3. The battery LED is extinguished when the battery is fully charged.

#### Battery disposal



**WARNING** Explosion warning. The battery must not be burned or disposed of in domestic trash.



**WARNING** Flammability and chemical danger. Do not open the battery.



**WARNING** Protect the contacts from shorting when disposing of the battery. Apply non-conducting tape to the contacts.

Batteries must be disposed of in municipally approved areas or sent back to Welch Allyn. See "Recycling monitor components" on page 99.

## Inspecting and cleaning the monitor and accessories



**WARNING** Do not autoclave the monitor or any accessories.



**WARNING** Do not immerse the monitor in liquid when cleaning. Do not immerse accessories in liquid when cleaning unless the accessory manufacturer's cleaning instructions explicitly instruct you to do so.



**WARNING** Fire and electrical shock hazard. Always unplug the monitor from the electrical power outlet before inspecting or cleaning the monitor and accessories. Exposing any of these to liquids, such as cleaning solutions, while they are connected to electrical power could result in electrical shock or fire.

Before cleaning the monitor or any accessories, thoroughly inspect them.

- Look for any signs of damage and any improper mechanical function of buttons or connectors.
- Gently bend and flex cables, inspecting them for damage or extreme wear, exposed wires, or bent connectors.
- Confirm that all connectors engage securely.
- Ensure that all transducers and accessories are within their expiration date.
- Immediately report any sign of damage or malfunction to your service department, and remove the monitor from service.

To clean the monitor or any accessories, follow these steps:

- Wipe the equipment with a cloth slightly moistened (not wet) with one of the approved cleaning solutions listed in "Cleaning instructions and cleaning solutions" on page 93.
- 2. Clean cable assemblies by gently wiping from the center of the cable. Do not allow the sheathing to be displaced.
- 3. Thoroughly wipe off any excess cleaning solution. Do not let the cleaning solution run into or accumulate in connector openings, latches, or crevices. If liquid gets into connectors, dry the area with warm air, and then check the equipment to confirm that it operates properly.



**Caution** Use only a cleaning solution recommended by Welch Allyn for this equipment. Use of any other cleaning solutions can cause damage to the equipment, including cracking and deterioration of the plastic case.



**Caution** Always follow the mixing/diluting instructions provided by the manufacturer of the cleaning solution.



**Caution** Never use any of the following solutions or similar products to clean the equipment: ethyl alcohol, ethanol, acetone, hexane, abrasive or scouring powder or material.

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## Cleaning instructions and cleaning solutions

Equipment	Cleaning instructions	Approved cleaning solutions
Monitor <sup>1</sup>	Wipe with a nearly dry cloth moistened with cleaning solution. Thoroughly wipe off any excess cleaning solution. Do not let cleaning solution run into connector openings or crevices. <sup>2</sup>	70 % solution isopropyl alcohol; neutral mild detergent solution; all products designed for cleaning plastic.
ECG cable, extension cable	Consult manufacturer's instructions.	Mild detergent solution; also consult manufacturer's instructions.
SpO <sub>2</sub> cable, extension cable	Consult manufacturer's instructions.	Consult manufacturer's instructions.
Other accessories	Consult manufacturer's instructions.	Consult manufacturer's instructions.

The equipment can be disinfected to comply with OSHA requirements for cleaning and decontaminating spills of blood and other body fluids. (Federal OSHA blood borne pathogens standard: 29 CFR 1910.1030, 12/6/91.)

<sup>2.</sup> If liquid gets into the connectors, dry the area with warm air and then verify all monitoring functions.

## Inspection and checklist report

In accordance with the maintenance into	rval detailed previously,	, the following check lis
should be copied and followed.		

Monitor Serial Number:	

## Every six months

Inspection	Result	Che	cked			
General examination						
Visual inspection of the monitor.	Monitor casing not broken or cracked.					
Visual inspection of the LCD.	LCD screen undamaged.					
Visual inspection of all cable assemblies and sensors and accessories.	Electrode cable sheathing and connectors undamaged.					
	No kinks, abrasion or wear in any cable assembly.					
	All transducers and accessories are within their expiratory date.					
Plug and socket connectors.	Input/output connectors undamaged.					
Button check	Buttons work.					
Speaker check. Switch the monitor on by pressing the On button.	Switch-on beeps sounded. The standard screen is displayed.					
LED check	Mains LED on when mains connected. Battery LED on when battery charging.		П			П
Alarm Check						
Connect SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor to volunteer.	Measurement within range.					
Set $SpO_2$ limit to lowest setting.	Measurement out of range and visual and audible alarm activated.					
Recurrent test						
Confirm the date of last factory inspections and test.	If the monitor is due for a yearly test, have a qualified technician perform the test.					
Date of Inspection:						
Inspector:						

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## Every 2 to 5 years

Inspection	Result	Checke	d		
Internal battery					
Replace battery if operation falls substantially under two hours (Lithium ion battery), or one hour (lead acid battery).	Replace battery	0		0	
Date of Inspection:					
Inspector:					

## Replacing the fuses



**WARNING** Disconnect the monitor from the mains before changing the fuses.



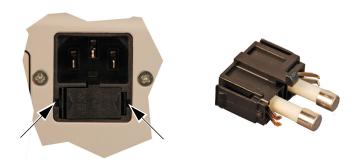
**WARNING** Blown fuses must only be replaced with the fuse types indicated in the below table.

## Fuse types

Voltage range	Number	Fuse type	WA Part No.	Manufacturer Part No.
100-240 VAC	2	M 1.6A E 250V	4.210004	Schurter Inc, FSM 0034.2518
M= Medium time E= Enhanced br				

## Changing the fuse

- 1. Disconnect the monitor from the mains.
- 2. Release the fuse holder by gently squeezing the side retaining clips and remove the fuse holder.



3. Replace both fuses. Re-insert the fuse holder until the two side clips snap in place.

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## Troubleshooting

## General

Alarm/Condition	Possible cause	Suggested action
Recorder out of paper	Paper tray empty	Insert new paper
Check paper	Paper jammed	Check paper
Recorder needs service	Printer error; paper not transported correctly; wrong paper	Check printer; check paper; wrong paper; paper not inserted correctly; have printer replaced.
Battery low	Battery capacity too low	Connect to the mains and recharge battery.
No HR/PR tone	HR/PR tone source setting	Set tone source to on.

## EMC compliance

The monitor is designed for use in an electromagnetic environment in accordance with IEC/EN 60601-1-2, tables 201, 202 and 204. If the monitor is used in the vicinity of equipment labelled with the symbol "Non-ionic electromagnetic radiation" (20), check the recommended minimum distance according to IEC/EN 60101-1-2, table 206. For further details, please refer to the service manual.

The following table lists devices and their typical frequency ranges and transmitting power, and the resulting minimum distances.

HF source	Transmitter frequency [MHz]	Power P [W]	Distance d [m]
Radio telephone (micro cellular) CT1+, CT2, CT3	885-887	0.010	0.23
Cordless DECT telephone, WLAN, UMTS handy	1880-2500	0.25	1.17
Mobile phone, handy USA	850/1900	0.6	1.8
Mobile phone, handy			
• GSM900	900	2	3.3
• GSM850, NMT900, DCS 1800	850, 900, 1,800	1	2.3
Walkie-talkie (rescue service, police, fire brigade, service)	81-470	5	2.6
Mobile telephone system (rescue service, police, fire brigade)	81-470	100	11.7

For transmitters not included in the above table, the recommended distance (d in meters) can be calculated using the following formulas:

Frequency range 0.15 – 80 MHz

•  $d = 3.5 \div 3V \times \sqrt{P}$ 

Frequency range 80 - 800 MHz

•  $d = 3.5 \div 3V/m \times \sqrt{P}$ 

Frequency range 800 MHz – 2.5 GHz

- $d = 7 \div 3V/m \times \sqrt{P}$ 
  - d = recommended distance in meters
  - P = transmitting power in watts
  - V = volts
  - m= meters

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## Mounting on a wall or stand

Follow the instructions given with the mount or stand. The mounting accessories are detailed in the Accessories section (see "Mounting" on page 113).



**WARNING** Always use Welch Allyn replacement parts and disposables, or products approved by Welch Allyn. Failure to do so may cause patient injury and invalidate the warranty.

## Recycling monitor components





This monitor must be disposed of in a municipally approved collection point or recycling center when no longer used.

If no such collection point or recycling center is available, you can return the monitor to your distributor or the manufacturer for proper disposal.

Refer to www.welchallyn.com/weee for collection points and additional information.

# Settings

## Setup menu overview

The setup menu contains the view, and alarm settings, along with patient information entry, patient mode, hemodynamic and drug calculations, and other general settings for the monitor. Many of these settings are also found in the individual parameter settings (see "Monitoring and Measurements" on page 39).

The **Setup** menu is displayed as follows:

- 1. Press the **Setup** button 1.
- 2. With the **trim knob**, select the menu option.
- 3. Press the trim knob to display the menu.

The setup menu options are as follows:



**Note** The menu will be vary for different monitor configurations and enabled options.

The following pages give an overview of the settings available.

## Alarm suspend

Suspend all alarms for the period specified under the Alarm settings in the Administrator menu (see "Administrator" on page 108).

#### Arrhythmia

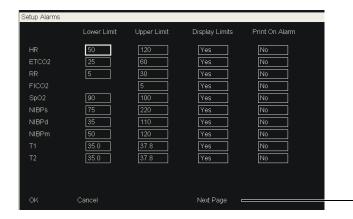
Sets the Arrhythmia alarm settings, print on alarm and other options (see "Arrhythmia" on page 50).

**Note** A full arrhythmia option is available.

#### **Alarms**

Sets the upper and lower alarm limits for all parameters. If a recorder is installed, a printout can be initiated when an alarm limit is violated.

**Note** The alarm limits can also be set in the individual parameter settings (see "Monitoring and Measurements" on page 39).



The next page option gives further parameter limits for invasive BP.

#### Speaker volume

Sets the speaker volume on a scale of 1 to 10. The volume is heard when scrolling through the values.

## HR / PR tone volume

Sets the HR (from ECG), PR (from  $SpO_2$ ), or P1 beep volume on a scale of 1 to 10. The volume is heard when scrolling through the values.

#### Waveform area

The waveforms displayed on the monitor are set in this menu. The waveform options will change according to the options licensed and enabled, monitor configuration, and parameters selected for display (see "Defining display waveforms" on page 27).

Directions for use Settings 103

#### Recorder

**Note** This is only available when the recorder option is installed.

This defines the information to be printed.

The waveforms that can be printed will depend on the options enabled and the configuration of the monitor. The default settings are in **bold**.

Main menu	Parameter	Description
SetUp Recorder	Waveform 1	ECG1, ECG2, ECG3, RESP, CO <sub>2</sub> *, SpO <sub>2</sub> , P1, P2, P3*, P4*
	Waveform 2	ECG1, ECG2, ECG3, <b>RESP</b> **, <b>CO2</b> *, SpO <sub>2</sub> , P1, P2, P3*, P4*, OFF
	Waveform 3	ECG1, ECG2, ECG3, RESP, CO <sub>2</sub> *, <b>SpO</b> <sub>2</sub> , P1, P2, OFF
	Recording time	5, <b>10</b> , 16 Seconds
	Recording Delay	0, 6, 10 Seconds. This defines the duration of data that is printed before the print key is pressed. For example, if a delay of six seconds with a recording time of 10 seconds is defined (default), six seconds of data recorded before the print key is pressed is printed, followed by the subsequent 4 seconds.

<sup>\*</sup> These parameters are available only when installed and enabled.

#### **Parameters**

The parameters that can be enabled and displayed are set in this menu. The parameter options will change according to the licensed options and monitor configuration and will be any combination of the following:

- etCO<sub>2</sub>
- ST
- Masimo settings (extra settings for SpO<sub>2</sub>)
- CO (cardiac output)
- IBP channel (number of invasive BP channels (none, 2 or 4)
- Temperature display mode (T1, T1 and T2, or T1 and  $\Delta$ T)

Details of the displayed parametrize are given in the operation section (see "Defining parameter fields" on page 25).

<sup>\*\*</sup> This option is not available when CO<sub>2</sub> is enabled.

## 12-lead resting ECG

**Note** This menu entry is only available when the resting ECG option is enabled.

This option allows you to take and print a resting ECG (see "12-lead resting ECG (option)" on page 47).

### Hemodynamic calculations

**Note** This menu entry is only available when the CO option is enabled.

This option allows you to enter parameters for hemodynamic calculations. When the relevant data is entered along with patient weight and height, the monitor can calculate the BSA of the patient and the hemodynamic factors. Details of the factors calculated and entry data is given in the monitoring section (see "Hemodynamic calculations" on page 86).

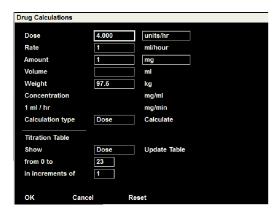
Directions for use Settings 105

### Drug calculations

The drug calculation menu calculates the dose / rate of drug delivery for a specific patient from entered drug parameters. Entries are given for dose, rate, amount, and volume. Entry of any three enables the fourth value to be calculated.

A titration table can also be calculated and displayed when the relevant parameters are entered.

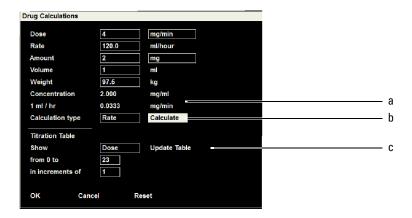
When drug calculation is selected the following screen is appears:



- **Dose**: Enter the total dose in:
  - mcg/kg/min
  - mg/min
  - mcg/min
  - mg/hr
  - units/hr
- Rate: Enter the rate in ml/hr.
- Amount: Enter the amount in:
  - mg
  - mcg
  - units
- Volume: Enter the volume ml.
- Weight: Enter the patient's weight lbs or kg (dependent on monitor configuration).
- Calculation type: Select between Dose or Rate.

### Calculation

After the drug parameters have been entered, select Calculate **(b)** to calculate the concentration and rate:



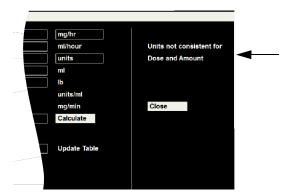
The concentration and rate values are calculated from the entered values and shown (a).

### Titration table

A titration table is calculated when the dose increment, and number of doses is entered. The table can be calculated as dose / rate in the units defined for the calculation and is displayed when update table **(c)** is selected.



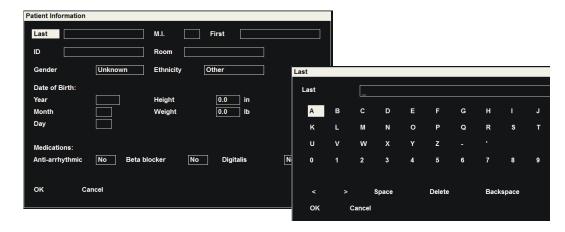
If any values / unit / rate combinations are entered that are inconsistent and calculations cannot be made, an error message is displayed - check all entries.



Directions for use Settings 107

### Patient information

This screen allows the entry of the patient name and ID, including gender, date of birth, ethnicity, height, weight, and drug categories.

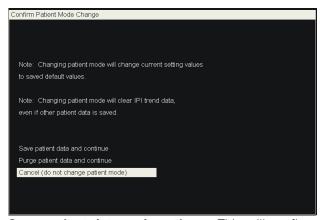


### Patient mode

Define the patient; select adult, pediatric, or neonatal as follows:

- Neonatal: Birth through 28 days.
- Pediatric: Between 29 days and 12 years.
- Adult: 13 years and older.

When a patient mode change is requested, a prompt screen is displayed giving the following confirmation options:



- Save patient data and continue This will confirm the patient mode set and keep the same patient data.
- **Purge patient data and continue** This will confirm the patient mode, but delete all patient data.
- Cancel (do not change patient mode) This will not change the patient mode and will keep the current patient data.

**Note** Integrated Pulmonary Index<sup>™</sup> (IPI) is age specific and if enabled, all IPI trend data is deleted when the patient mode is changed. A message appears on the confirmation screen (above) to state this.

### Restore user defaults

The saved user settings are enabled. The user-defined settings are saved in the Setup System menu (see "Saving the user-defined settings as default" on page 21).

### Administrator

The administrator and service screens provide system information and option settings.

The Administrator screens are entered from the settings menu:



### Setup Menu > Administrator

Administrator sub-menus can only be accessed with a password. The passwords are divided into clinical, service and factory passwords and only clinical settings are available for the user. The other menu options on this menu are for Welch Allyn service personnel. Options are enabled in the service menu; please contact Welch Allyn. The passwords for the alarms and system sub-menus are as follows:

- Setup > Administrator > Alarms: 49, 48, 46 (Clinical Password).
- Setup> Administrator > System 49, 48, 46 (Clinical Password).
- No password is needed to view the Configuration. Other sub-menus are intended for service personnel only.

The Administrator menu is as follows:

Sub menu	Parameter	Description
Configuration		Monitor data such as serial number, software version etc. This is provided for information only and no settings can be made.
Communications		This provides the communication settings for service personnel only.
Alarms (password protected - see above)	Alarm Silence Time	1, 1.5 or 2 minutes. Time for which an audible alarm is silenced.
	Alarm Suspend Time	1, 1.5, or 2 minutes. Time for which all alarms are suspended.
	Can disable HR / PR Alarms	Enabled/Disabled. The menu item can prevent users from being able to turn off HR or PR alarms. When the setting is "Disabled", a user cannot turn off the HR or PR alarms.
	Alarm Delay	On/Off. If the alarm validation is enabled, alarm limits must be exceeded for at least 6 seconds for an alarm to be issued.
	Second Speaker Time	0 to 3 minutes (2 minutes). Time after which the secondary speaker is enabled. For lethal and high level alarms the secondary speaker is activated in 30 seconds.

Directions for use Settings 109

Sub menu	Parameter	Description
System (password protected - see previous page)	Height units	Select Inches (in) or centimeters (cm)- sets the monitor's measurement units.
	Weight units	Select pounds (lbs) or kilograms (kg)- sets the monitor's measurement units. In neonate mode the units are automatically switched to grams.
	Acuity Enabled	Yes/ <b>No</b> . Connects to Acuity. Note that Acuity can only be enabled when Enable Acuity connection in the service setup is set. This is not available in this release.
	Set Date and Time	Entry of the year/month/day/hour/minute
	Save User Defaults	With this function, values changed by the user can be saved (see "Standby mode" on page 24)
	Show Event Log	Display of the monitor event log (see "Event log screen and CO2 calibration" on page 110).
Service		This provides settings, options and service information for service personnel only.
Factory		This menu is for factory use only.

### Event log screen and CO<sub>2</sub> calibration

The event log screen provides software versions, module status and provides an event log. Full details are provided in the service handbook.

This screen also provides a counter for  $CO_2$  calibration.

The event log screen is displayed as follows:



### Setup Menu > Administrator > System > Event log

The following is a typical screen:



The  ${\bf CO_2}$  Hours Until Cal Due, is a counter that gives the operating time of the  ${\bf CO_2}$  module until calibration is necessary. If the counter is 0 when a  ${\bf CO_2}$  probe is connected, an alert message is displayed:  ${\bf CO_2}$  calibration due or  ${\bf CO_2}$  service due. Please contact a Welch Allyn service center.

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# Parameter settings

1. Move to the desired parameter measurement field using the trim knob. A white frame appears around the selected measurement field.

2. The selected menu is displayed by pressing the trim knob.

The settings available and default settings are given in the Monitoring section (see "Monitoring and Measurements" on page 39).

- ECG / Heart rate / Pacemaker (see "ECG" on page 40).
- ST (see "ST measurement (option)" on page 52).
- RR / Respiration (see "Respiration rate" on page 54).
- etCO<sub>2</sub> / Respiration (see "Capnography" on page 56)
- NIBP (see "NIBP monitoring" on page 63).
- SpO<sub>2</sub> (see "SpO<sub>2</sub> monitoring" on page 67).
- IBP (see "IBP monitoring" on page 72).
- Temperature (see "Temperature monitoring" on page 76).
- Cardiac output ((see "Cardiac output (option)" on page 77).

# 8

# Accessories



**WARNING** Use only accessories supplied or recommended by Welch Allyn. Use accessories according to your facility's standards and manufacturer's recommendations. Always refer to the manufacturer's directions for use. To order accessories, contact your local Welch Allyn representative (see page ii).

### Miscellaneous

Part number	Description
104592	Welch Allyn 1500 Patient Monitor multi-language directions for use (V.1.3)
103610	10-pack thermal Z-fold paper
103611	100-pack thermal Z-fold paper

# Mounting

Part number	Description
103440	Welch Allyn 1500 Patient Monitor pivot arm wall mount
103441	Welch Allyn 1500 Patient Monitor flush to wall mount
103442	Welch Allyn 1500 Patient Monitor rollstand
103443	Welch Allyn 1500 Patient Monitor drop on Mfg. plate (included in all mounting kits)
104019	Welch Allyn 1500 Patient Monitor table mount

### **Batteries**

Part number	Description
103461	Lead acid
104033	Lithium Ion
104062	International Lithium Ion

# Cables

Part number	Description
103460	Ground cable, 6 mm MC PLUG
715316	Ethernet cable, 3 ft
715317	Ethernet cable, 7 ft
715318	Ethernet cable, 14 ft
104384	Ethernet cable, 25 ft
103632	Mains cable, TYPE G
103633	Mains cable, TYPE E/F
103634	Mains cable, TYPE I
103635	Mains cable, TYPE J
103636	Mains cable, TYPE A
103638	Mains cable, TYPE B

# Nellcor SpO<sub>2</sub>

Part number	Description
103490	Nellcor SpO <sub>2</sub> cable, DOC-10
008-0054-01	DS-100A DURASENSOR, reusable sensor

# $\mathsf{Masimo}\ \mathsf{SpO}_2$

Part number	Description
713657	Masimo SpO <sub>2</sub> cable, LNC-10
706831	Masimo LNCS-DC1 reusable sensor

# **ECG**

Part number	Description
103801	12-Lead ECG shielded cable, AHA
103802	12-Lead ECG shielded cable, IEC
008-0316-00	3-Lead ECG cable, AHA
008-0323-00	3-Lead ECG wire set, AHA
008-0313-00	5-Lead 10 ft ECG cable with lead wires, AHA
008-0316-01	3-Lead ECG cable, IEC
008-0323-01	3-Lead ECG wire set, IEC
008-0313-01	5-Lead 10 ft ECG cable with lead wires, IEC

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# **IBP**

Part number	Description
008-0226-01	IBP cable F/MX900 & MX860
008-0233-00	IBP transducer, DISP. MX950(5)
008-0224-00	IBP domes, MX848

# Temperature

Part number	Description
008-0230-00	Temperature sensor

# NIBP

Part number	Description
008-0238-00	Adult/Ped NIBP hose for bladderless cuff
REUSE-11-1MQ	CUFF Reusable, 11-1MQ, ADULT, 1 TUBE, MQ
REUSE-12L- 1MQ	CUFF Reusable, LG AD LONG 1-TUBE MQ
REUSE-08-1MQ	CUFF Reusable, SM CHILD 1-TUBE, MQ
REUSE-09-1MQ	CUFF Reusable, CHILD, 1-TUBE, MQ
REUSE-10-1MQ	CUFF Reusable, SM AD, 1-TUBE, MQ
REUSE-12-1MQ	CUFF Reusable, LG AD, 1-TUBE, MQ
REUSE-13-1MQ	CUFF Reusable, THIGH, 1-TUBE, MQ
SOFT-08-1MQ	CUFF soft, SM CHILD 2-TUBE, MQ
SOFT-09-1MQ	CUFF soft, CHILD, 2-TUBE, MQ
SOFT-10-1MQ	CUFF soft, SM AD, 2-TUBE, MQ
SOFT-11-1MQ	CUFF soft, ADULT, 2-TUBE, MQ
SOFT-12-1MQ	CUFF soft, LG AD, 2-TUBE, MQ
SOFT-13-1MQ	CUFF soft, THIGH, 2-TUBE, MQ

# Cardiac output

Part number	Description
104443	Cardiac output sensor



# System data

Manufacturer	SCHILLER AG for Welch Allyn
Monitor name	Welch Allyn® 1500 Patient Monitor
Dimensions	396 x 284 x 81 mm (15.6 x 11.2 x 3.2 inches)
Weight	5.0 kg (11 lbs) (with lead acid battery)
	4.5 kg (9.9 lbs) (with Li-Ion battery)
Mode of operation	Continuous
Power supply	Internal Charger
Voltage	100 – 240 V, 50 – 60 Hz
Power consumption	max 70 VA
Typical battery operating time	With the battery fully charged, 25°C, display on, NIBP measurement every 15 minutes, and with all parameters ECG/RESP/NIBP/Temp/SpO $_2$ /IBP(x2)/CO $_2$ :
	Lead Acid: approximately 1 hour
	Li-Ion: approximately 2 hours
Fuses	2 x M 1.6A E 250V
Environmental conditions for operating	
Temperature	10 °C to 40 °C (50 °F to 104 °F) at relative humidity of 30 to 80 % (noncondensing)
Atmospheric pressure	700 to 1060 hPa
Environmental conditions for transport and storage	
Temperature	-10 °C to 50 °C (14 °F to 122 °F) at relative humidity of 10 to 95 % (noncondensing)
Atmospheric pressure	572 to 1060 hPa
Monitor display	Color TFT LCD
Resolution	1024 x 768 pixels
Dimensions	30.7 x 23 cm (12 x 9 ins),15 in diagonal
Speed	6.25/12.5/25 mm/s

Printer	High-resolution thermal printer
Resolution	8 dots/mm (amplitude-axis), 40 dots/mm (time-axis) at 25 mm/s
Paper	Thermoreactive, Z-folded Width: 80 mm Length 20 m (approx.)
Print speed	25 mm/s
Printout length	10 second ECG recording on 4 pages
Recording tracks	3-channel display, with optimal width of 72 mm, automatic baseline adjustment
Printout	Curves, trend and saved values
Battery	
Battery type	Lead acid battery, 12 V
Capacity	2600 mAh
Recharging time	80% capacity: 2.8 hours 100% capacity: 3.5 hours (monitor switched off)
Battery life	up to 1000 cycles
0	r
Battery type	Lithium-Ion battery, 10.8V
Capacity	7200 mAh
Recharging time	80% capacity: 2.5 hours 100% capacity: 6.5 hours (monitor switched off)
Battery life	min. 500 cycles
Connections	ECG
	SpO <sub>2</sub>
	NIBP
	etCO <sub>2</sub>
	CO
	Temperature (x1) or (x2)
	Invasive blood pressure (x2) or (x4)
Interfaces	Ethernet via RJ45
	Nurse call: Alarm delay at the signal output component <0.5 s Plug type: 1/8 in (3.5 mm) mini-phone jack stereo connector Tip: Normally closed Ring: Normally open Maximum switch current: 1A Maximum switch voltage: 30 V AC/DC Isolation: 1,000 Vrms for 1 min
	USB 1.1
Demo Mode	Simulated patient information including waveforms for training and education

Tre	nd	
	Entries	All recorded parameters are saved
		Up to 1728 trend records can be saved (updated every minute)
		NIBP trends entered after each reading
	Format	The values displayed in tabular numeric format in intervals of 1, 5, 15, 60, and 240 minutes
		Page up/down trend view
Ala	rms	
	Alarm limits	The upper and lower limits can be selected for all parameters.
	Mode	All parameters: Adult/Pediatric/Neonate patient mode-specific limits
		Factory default or programmable settings for all patient modes
	Alarm indicators	Red, yellow, blue numeric
		Red, yellow, blue LED indicator
		Alarm(s) off indicator
		Alarm status message
		Audible alarm tone: high/med/low
	Alarm suspend	Suspend time user programmable: 1, 1.5 and 2 minutes

# Safety standards

Safety standard	IEC 60601-1/A2: 1995: Delta -consideration related to IEC60601-1:2005 incl. corrections 1:2006 and 2:2007:General requirements for basic safety and essential performance. Protection Class I Type CF.
	IEC 60601-1-4/A1: 1999: General requirements for collateral standard: programmable electrical medical systems.
	IEC 62366: 2007: Application of usability engineering to medical devices.
	IEC 60601-2-27: 2005: Particular requirements for the safety of electrocardiographic monitoring equipment.
	IEC 60601-2-30: 1999:Particular requirements for the safety, including essential performance, of automatic cycling non-invasive blood pressure monitoring equipment.
	IEC 60601-2-34: 2000:Particular requirements for the safety, including essential performance, of invasive blood pressure monitoring equipment
	IEC 60601-2-49: 2001:Particular requirements for the safety of multifunction patient monitoring equipment
	ISO 9919. Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of pulse oximeter equipment for medical use.
	ISO 21647. Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of respiratory gas monitors.
Protection class	Protection against electric shocks, Class I according to IEC/EN 60601-1 (with internal power).
Protection	This monitor is not designed for outdoor use (IPX0).
EMC	IEC/EN 60601-1-2: 2007: (class A).
Additional requirements	EN 1060-1 and EN 1060-3 (noninvasive blood pressure recorders part 1). EN12470-4 (Performance of electrical thermometers for continuous measurement).
Conformity	CE according to directive 93/42/EEC class IIb.

# Measured values

### **ECG**

Patient cable	3-lead, 5-lead, 12-lead cable
	Automatic 3, 5 and 12 lead detection
	Lead fault detection
	AAMI 6 pin and 12 pin connectors
Leads	Simultaneous, synchronous recording of up to nine active electrodes giving 12 leads
Filters	
Mains	50 Hz / 60 Hz / off
Bandwidth	0.05 Hz / 0.5 Hz , 35 Hz / 150 Hz
Input impedance	≥ 2.58 MΩ
Heart rate range	15 to 300 beats/min
QRS tone	On / Off
Protection	ESU and defibrillator protected
Lead display	Selectable leads Selection of 1 to 5 simultaneous leads
Display update interval	1 second
Lead fail sense current	< 0.5 μΑ
Tall T-wave rejection	max. amplitude of the T-wave according to IEC 60601-2-27 chapter 50.102.17: 4 mV
HR averaging method	The average of the last 16 beats is used, when RR interval corresponds to a HR of $<$ 48 bpm.
	The average of the last 4 beats is used, when RR interval corresponds to a HR of $\geq\!48$ bpm.
HR accuracy	± 5 % or ± 5 bpm (whichever is greater)
HR meter response time	Change from 80 to 120 bpm: 11s
	Change from 80 to 40 bpm: 11s
Response to Irregular rhythm	A1: 80/min A2: 60/min A3: 120/min A4: 90/min (according to IEC specification 60601-2-27, 6.8.2.bb)
Time to Alarm for tachycardia	B1 and B2: 3 s (according to IEC specification 60601-2-27, 6.8.2.bb)
Sensitivity	According to ANSI/AAMI EC13 / IEC60601-2-27

ECG	ECG amplifier		
	Sampling frequency	1000 Hz	
_	Pacemaker detection	± 2 to ± 700 mV / 0.1 to 2 ms	
-	Pacemaker rejection	$\pm~2~to~\pm~700~mV~/~0.1~to~2~ms$ Note: Pacemaker signals can differ from one pacemaker to the next. Rate meters may continue to count the pacemaker rate during occurrences of cardiac arrest or some arrhythmias, mainly with pacemakers generating high amplitudes ( $>~20~mV$ ) or those generating overshoot. Pacemaker patients should be kept under close or constant observation.	
_	Protection	Fully isolated, defibrillation protected >5 kV	
	Line frequency filter	50 or 60 Hz sinusoidal interferences filtered by means of adaptive digital filtering.	

# Respiration

Respiration rate range	0 to 200 breaths / min (pediatric: 0 to 120 breaths per minute)
Connector	Shared with ECG
Signal	28 kHz square wave ± 2.5 V
Patient current	max. 80 μA
Dynamic impedance range	1 k to1.5 k $\Omega$ , variation of 0.1 to 3 $\Omega$
Sampling Rate	250 Hz
Respiration rate accuracy	± 1 digit
RR display update interval	Max. 2 s

# Temperature

Channels	One or two channels
Sensor	YSI 401, rectal, skin or ear
Amplifier	Fully isolated, defibrillation protected >5kV
Sampling Frequency	125 Hz
Measurement interval	1x per second
Measurement range	15 °C to 45 °C (59 °F to 113°F)
Resolution	0.1 °C (0.1 °F)
Accuracy	± 0.1° C (± 0.1° F)

### NIBP

Measurement	Quick action start / stop button Automatic or manual
Measuring intervals	3 to 60 minutes
Measuring method	Oscillometric
Measurement range	15 to 270mmHg
Deflation rate	3 to 9 mmHg / second
Cuff	Adult, Pediatric and Neonate
Pulse rate measurement range	25 to 300 bpm
Protection	Overpressure protection

### IBP

Channels	Two channels or four channels
Measurement range	-30 to 300 mmHg
Accuracy	1 mmHg or ± 1% (whichever is greater)
Sampling Frequency	500 Hz
Amplifier	Fully isolated, defibrillation protected >5kV
Calibration	Manual or automatic
Pulse rate measurement range	25 to 250 bpm

# $SpO_2$

### Nellcor Module

Sensors	Nellcor® OxiMax® sensors
Amplifier	Fully isolated, defibrillation protected >5kV
Sampling Frequency	62.5 Hz
Display update interval	1 second
Measurement range	
SpO <sub>2</sub>	1 to 100 %
PR	20 to 250 /min
Accuracy (Probe 70%, to 100 %, 28°C to 42°C)	
SpO <sub>2</sub>	Adult / pediatric ± 2 digits Neonate ± 3 digits
PR (no motion)	20 to 250 /min ± 3 digits
Calibration range	70 to 100 % (calibration is fixed, no calibration required)
PR Calculation	Averaged over 4 / 8 / 16 beats

### Masimo Module

Sensors	Masimo SET®LNCS®	
Amplifier	Fully isolated, defibrillation protected >5kV	
Sampling frequency	62.5 Hz	
Display update interval	1 second	
Signal IQ waveform	A waveform that indicates pulse detection confidence. Values range from 0 to 127 where 0 is low confidence and 127 is high confidence.	
Perfusion Index numeric (PI)	A numeric provided that indicates perfusion. Perfusion is measured in $\%$ and ranges from 0.02% to 20%.	
Fast SAT	A mode that enables rapid tracking of arterial oxygen saturation changes by minimizing the averaging.	
Display ranges		
Saturation (SpO <sub>2</sub> )	0 to 100%	
PR	25 to 240 beats per minute	
Averaging Time	2/4/8/10/12/14/16/18	
Sensitivity	Normal / Max / APOD	
Accuracy		
SpO <sub>2</sub> , no motion	60 to 80 $\pm$ 3%, adults / pediatrics 70 to 100 $\pm$ 2%, adults / pediatrics, $\pm$ 3% neonates	
SpO <sub>2</sub> , motion	70 to 100 $\pm$ 3%, adults / pediatrics / neonates	
SpO <sub>2</sub> , low perfusion	70 to 100 $\pm$ 2%, adults / pediatrics / neonates	
PR, no motion	25 to 240 $\pm$ 3 bpm, adult s/ pediatrics / neonates	
PR, motion	25 to 240 $\pm$ 5 bpm, adults / pediatrics / neonates	
PR, low perfusion	25 to 240 $\pm$ 5 bpm, adults / pediatrics / neonates	

### Capnography

Module	Mini Medi CO <sub>2</sub>	
Measuring method	Non dispersive Infrared Spectroscopy	
CO <sub>2</sub> units	mmHg or kPa	
CO <sub>2</sub> , etCO <sub>2</sub> , fiCO <sub>2</sub> , range	0 to 99 mmHg ( $CO_2[mmHg]$ / Environment pressure) x 100 = $CO_2[\%]$	
Curve Resolution	0.1 mmHg	
etCO <sub>2</sub> , inCO <sub>2</sub> Resolution	1 mmHg	
CO <sub>2</sub> Accuracy	0 to 38 mmHg: ± 2 mmHg	
	39 to 99 mmHg: $\pm5$ % of reading and 0.08 % for every 1 mmHg above 38 mmHg	
Respiration Rate range	0 to 150 Resp/min	
Respiration Rate Accuracy	0 to 70: ± 1 Resp/min	
	71 to 120: ± 2 Resp/min	
	121 to 150: ± 3 Resp/min	
Flow rate	50 ml/min, (42.5 $\leq$ flow $\leq$ 65) flow measured by volume	
Waveform sampling	20 samples/s	
Initialization Time	40 s (typical)	
System Response Time	5.6 s (typical combined response time)	
Calibration Interval	Initially calibrate after 1,200 operating hours, then once a year or after 4,000 operating hours, whichever comes first. The initial calibration should not occur before 720 hours of use. If the initial calibration is done before 720 hours of use, the module will reset to require its next calibration after 1200 hours, instead of after 4000 hours.	

Note

The capnography component of this product is covered by one or more of the following US patents: 6,428,483; 6,997,880; 5,300,859; 6,437,316; 7,488,229; 7,726,954 and their foreign equivalents. Additional patent applications pending.

# Cardiac output

Module	Schiller	
Amplifier	Fully isolated, defibrillation protected >5kV	
Measuring method	Thermodilution	
Sampling frequency	250 Hz	
Measuring method	Thermodilution	
Parameters:	Cardiac output Injectate temperature Catheter temperature	
Measuring range	Cardiac output: 0 to 20 l/min Injectate temperature: 0° to 40°C / 32° to 104°F Catheter temperature: 33° to 40°C / 91.4° to 104°F	
Resolution	Cardiac output: 0.01 l/min Injectate temperature: 0.01°C / 0.018°F Catheter temperature: 0.002°C / 0.018°F	
Accuracy	Cardiac output: ± 5% at 0°C / 32°F (injectate temperature)	
Measurement	Start is detected by temperature difference >0.05°C at distal thermistor	

# Drug calculator

Calculations	Setting of a dose, rate, amount, and volume for which any 3 set will cause the 4th to be calculated.  Concentration mg/ml  Dose and rate
	Titration table (dose and rate)

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